City of Eaton Rapids Eaton County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Correction of Errors

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the City recorded prior period adjustments to correct accounting for cash, receivables, and capital assets. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

City Council City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the pension schedules, and the OPEB schedules, as listed in the contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

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We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, utility fund information, component unit information, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 21, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sigfried Crandoll P.C.

February 21, 2023

This section of the City of Eaton Rapids annual report presents our discussion and analysis of the City of Eaton Rapids financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, a requirement of GASB 34, is intended to be the City's management's discussion and analysis of the financial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of Eaton Rapids financially as a whole. The *Government-wide Financial Statements* provide information about the activities of the whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and longer-term view of the finances. The *Fund Financial Statements* provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds - the General Fund and the Utility Fund, and other smaller funds collectively as non-major governmental funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the City of Eaton Rapids is, "As a whole, what is the City's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the basic financial statements, report information on the as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. These statements are prepared to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position (page 12) presents all of the City of Eaton Rapids' assets and liabilities, recording the difference between the two as "net position". Over time, increases or decreases in net position measure whether the City of Eaton Rapids financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (page 13) presents information showing how the City of Eaton Rapids' net position changed during fiscal year 2022. All changes in net position are reported based on the period for which the underlying events giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenue and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future financial periods.

Both statements report the following activities:

- ➤ Governmental Activities Most of the City of Eaton Rapids basic services are reported under this category. Taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenue primarily fund these services. This also includes the activities such as the major and local street maintenance, and debt service.
- > Business-type Activities These activities operate like private businesses. The City of Eaton Rapids charges fees to recover the cost of the services provided.
- Discretely Presented Component Units Discretely presented component units are legally separate organizations for which the City of Eaton Rapids Council appoints a majority of the organization's policy board and there is a degree of financial accountability to the City of Eaton Rapids.

As stated previously, the government-wide financial statements are full accrual basis statements. However, the governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available to pay obligations of the fiscal period; expenditures are recognized when they are due to be paid from available resources. Because of the different basis of accounting between the fund statements (described below) and the government-wide statements, pages 15 and 17 present reconciliations between the two statement types.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund level financial statements are reported on the modified accrual basis. Only those assets that are "measurable" and "available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar.

A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the City of Eaton Rapids uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. State law or policy requires some separate funds, such as funds required by bond or grant agreements. Funds are also utilized to track specific operations; these include the internal services fund (e.g. Motor pool) as well as enterprise funds such as the Utility Fund.

In the fund financial statements, purchased capital assets are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. No capital assets are reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future year's debt obligations are not recorded.

The City of Eaton Rapids funds are divided into two categories - governmental and proprietary - and use different accounting approaches:

- ➤ Governmental Funds Most of the City of Eaton Rapids basic services are reported in the governmental funds. The focus of these funds is how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flow in and out during the course of the fiscal year and how the balances left at year-end are available for spending on future services. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that may be expended in the near future to finance the City of Eaton Rapids programs. Governmental funds include the General Fund, as well as special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the City of Eaton Rapids charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same accrual basis of accounting used in the government-wide statements and by private business. There are two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and/or services to the general public. Internal Service funds report activities that provide supplies or service to the City of Eaton Rapids other operations, such as the Motor Pool Fund. Internal Service funds are reported as governmental activities on the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the detail provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes can be found beginning on page 26 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Following the Basic Financial Statements is additional Required Supplementary Information (RSI), which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and historical pension and OPEB information.

Other Supplementary Information

Other Supplementary Information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds. These funds are added together, by fund type, and are presented in a single aggregate column in the basic financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

The following summarizes the net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

| | Governmental Activities | | | ess-type vities | Total | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | Activ | Restated | Restated | | Restated | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| ASSETS | LULL | 2021 | LOLL | 2021 | LULL | 2021 | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 4,963,515 | \$ 4,399,264 | \$ 11,591,637 | \$ 12,400,904 | \$ 16,555,152 | 16,800,168 | |
| Capital assets, net | 8,591,401 | 7,792,736 | 8,994,882 | 8,247,297 | 17,586,283 | 16,040,033 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 13,554,916 | 12,192,000 | 20,586,519 | 20,648,201 | 34,141,435 | 32,840,201 | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 1,345,723 | 1,375,246 | 866,459 | 1,153,422 | 2,212,182 | 2,528,668 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Current | 1,374,451 | 1,202,053 | 917,795 | 1,097,128 | 2,292,246 | 2,299,181 | |
| Noncurrent | 4,683,049 | 6,775,951 | 5,463,357 | 7,179,870 | 10,146,406 | 13,955,821 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 6,057,500 | 7,978,004 | 6,381,152 | 8,276,998 | 12,438,652 | 16,255,002 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 1,847,226 | 583,114 | 1,205,741 | 499,572 | 3,052,967 | 1,082,686 | |
| NET POSITION Invested in capital assets - | | | | | | | |
| net of related debt | 7,484,626 | 5,120,953 | 6,742,582 | 4,675,921 | 14,227,208 | 9,796,874 | |
| Restricted | 2,278,899 | 1,736,895 | 1,973,067 | 1,104,035 | 4,251,966 | 2,840,930 | |
| Unrestricted | (2,767,612) | (1,851,720) | 5,150,436 | 7,245,097 | 2,382,824 | 5,393,377 | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 6,995,913 | \$ 5,006,128 | \$ 13,866,085 | \$ 13,025,053 | \$ 20,861,998 | \$ 18,031,181 | |

Results of Operations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the government-wide results of operations were:

| | Govern Activ | | Busine: Activ | ss-type vities | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | · | | |
| Program revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,143,015 | \$ 1,072,001 | \$ 12,381,916 | \$ 11,929,984 | \$ 13,524,931 | \$ 13,001,985 | | |
| Operating grants and | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | 1,471,236 | 941,029 | - | - | 1,471,236 | 941,029 | | |
| Capital grants and | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | 674,770 | 8,172 | 449,847 | - | 1,124,617 | 8,172 | | |
| General revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 1,041,131 | 987,592 | 586,724 | 582,677 | 1,627,855 | 1,570,269 | | |
| Local community stabilization | 152,154 | 149,333 | 241,312 | 230,097 | 393,466 | 379,430 | | |
| State Revenue Sharing | 606,437 | 558,358 | - | - | 606,437 | 558,358 | | |
| Investment earnings | 14,297 | 18,346 | 3,669 | 13,280 | 17,966 | 31,626 | | |
| Other | 86,963 | 461,904 | 40,102 | 233,420 | 127,065 | 695,324 | | |
| Transfers | 388,395 | 280,870 | (388,395) | (280,870) | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 5,578,398 | 4,477,605 | 13,315,175 | 12,708,588 | 18,893,573 | 17,186,193 | | |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 977,177 | 1,691,362 | - | - | 977,177 | 1,691,362 | | |
| Public safety | 1,429,420 | 1,382,070 | - | - | 1,429,420 | 1,382,070 | | |
| Public works | 719,879 | 1,170,050 | 12,474,143 | 13,107,905 | 13,194,022 | 14,277,955 | | |
| Community and | | | | | | | | |
| economic development | 103,521 | 38,835 | - | - | 103,521 | 38,835 | | |
| Health and welfare | 13,938 | · - | - | - | 13,938 | - | | |
| Recreation and culture | 343,732 | 313,456 | - | - | 343,732 | 313,456 | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 946 | 90,250 | | | 946 | 90,250 | | |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | 3,588,613 | 4,686,023 | 12,474,143 | 13,107,905 | 16,062,756 | 17,793,928 | | |
| Change in net position | \$ 1,989,785 | \$ (208,418) | \$ 841,032 | \$ (399,317) | \$ 2,830,817 | \$ (607,735) | | |

The prior year activity has not been adjusted for the restatement of net position as noted in Note 15.

Analysis of Results of Operations

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's net position increased by \$2,830,817. Several factors which contributed to this increase are discussed in the following sections.

Governmental Activities Operating Results

The City's governmental activities revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,989,785 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Total revenues and transfers increased \$1,100,793, or approximately 24.6%. Total expenses and transfers decreased by \$1,097,410, or approximately 23.4%. This was the result of the City receiving additional federal/state funding in the current year, to help fund their GAR Island Park Project.

Business-type Activities Operating Results

The City's business-type activities revenues exceeded expenses and transfers by \$841,032 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Total revenues and transfers increased \$606,587, or approximately 4.77%. Total expenses decreased by \$633,762, or approximately 4.83%.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-terms inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,443,999, an increase of \$123,797 from the prior year. Approximately 33.2% of this, or \$1,143,897, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *or committed* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted or obligated to pay for specific debt services or for a variety of other purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,143,897. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2022, represents 27.9% of the total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the fund balance in the City's General Fund decreased by \$427,280.

Budgetary-basis revenues and other financing sources for the General Fund were amended throughout the year as new information became available. Actual revenues and other financing sources ended the year \$246,797 less than budgeted. Budgetary-basis expenditures and other financing uses for the General Fund were amended throughout the year with the final amended budget exceeding the originally adopted budget by \$1,720,001. Actual expenditures and other financing uses ended the year \$914,695 under the amended budget.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Eaton Rapids' proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Utility Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$5,150,436. The most recent fiscal year's activities increased the net position of the Utility Fund by \$841,032.

Long-Term Debt Activities

As of June 30, 2022, the City had total outstanding debt for governmental activities (including compensated absences) of \$1,265,230. For business-type activities, the outstanding debt (including compensated absences) was \$2,316,790 as of June 30, 2022. For component units, the outstanding debt was \$1,620,000 as of June 30, 2022.

The City has accumulated a long-term liability for absences that have been earned by employees but not yet redeemed. The balance of compensated absences as of June 30, 2022 is \$222,945.

The City made principal payments on long-term debt obligations that reduced the amount of the City's long-term liabilities as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities | | | | | | _ |
| Bonds, leases, and contracts Compensated absences | \$ | 1,612,403 165,054 | \$ | (505,628) (6,599) | \$ | 1,106,775 158,455 |
| | | 1,777,457 | | (512,227) | | 1,265,230 |
| Business-type Activities | | | | | | |
| Bonds and leases | | 2,827,300 | | (575,000) | | 2,252,300 |
| Compensated absences | | 57,755 | | 6,735 | | 64,490 |
| | | 2,885,055 | | (568,265) | | 2,316,790 |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | | 4,662,512 | | (1,080,492) | | 3,582,020 |
| COMPONENT UNITS | | | | | | |
| Bonds | | 1,865,000 | | (245,000) | | 1,620,000 |
| TOTAL REPORTING ENTITY | \$ | 6,527,512 | \$ | (1,325,492) | \$ | 5,202,020 |

Additional information about the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

At the end of the year, the City had invested \$8,591,401 and \$8,994,882 (net of accumulated depreciation) for governmental and business-type capital assets, respectively. Depreciation charges for the fiscal year totaled \$596,546 for the governmental activities and \$1,034,725 for the business-type activities.

The following chart provides more detail on these capital assets.

| | vernmental Activities | siness-type Activities | Component Units | Total |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Land and construction in progress | \$ 747,077 | \$ - | \$ 1,147,954 | \$ 1,895,031 |
| Buildings and improvements, net | 1,917,091 | - | - | 1,917,091 |
| Land improvements, net | 2,526,278 | - | 841,525 | 3,367,803 |
| Vehicles, net | 917,290 | - | - | 917,290 |
| Machinery, equipment and furniture, net | 210,308 | - | - | 210,308 |
| Infrastructure, net | 2,273,357 | 8,994,882 | 360,320 | 11,628,559 |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 8,591,401 | \$ 8,994,882 | \$ 2,349,799 | \$ 19,936,082 |

Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's fiscal year 2023 budget does not anticipate significant changes in the amounts or composition of its major revenue sources. The City has budgeted expenditures for the upcoming year at amounts sufficient to support its ongoing programs and activities and plans to primarily use current revenues to provide essential services in order to maintain current fund balances.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Yvonne Ridge, City Manager, City of Eaton Rapids, 200 South Main Street, Eaton Rapids, Michigan 48827.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

| | Governmental | Primary Governmen Business-type | nt | Component |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Units |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets Cash, cash equivalents, and investments | \$ 3,309,580 | \$ 8,351,928 | \$ 11,661,508 | \$ 1,710,437 |
| Receivables | \$ 3,309,580 | \$ 8,351,928 | \$ 11,001,508 | \$ 1,710,437 |
| Accounts | 9,086 | 1,142,503 | 1,151,589 | 60 |
| Note | - | 3,696 | 3,696 | - |
| Due from other governmental units | 380,999 | 79,882 | 460,881 | 13,574 |
| Internal balances | 1,383,395 | (1,383,395) | - | 392 |
| Prepaids and deposits Inventories | 19,808 647 | 678,542 477,885 | 698,350 478,532 | 392 |
| inventories | | 177,003 | 170,552 | |
| Total current assets | 5,103,515 | 9,351,041 | 14,454,556 | 1,724,463 |
| | | | | |
| Noncurrent assets Cash and investments - restricted | | 2,100,596 | 2,100,596 | |
| Internal balances | (140,000) | 140,000 | 2,100,390 | - |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | 747,077 | - | 747,077 | 1,147,954 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 7,844,324 | 8,994,882 | 16,839,206 | 1,201,845 |
| m | 0.454.404 | 44 005 450 | 40.000.000 | 2 2 4 2 5 2 2 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 8,451,401 | 11,235,478 | 19,686,879 | 2,349,799 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 13,554,916 | 20,586,519 | 34,141,435 | 4,074,262 |
| | | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred charges on refunding | - | - | | 81,827 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 398,317 | 357,078 | 755,395 | 22,721 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 947,406 | 509,381 | 1,456,787 | 20,535 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 1,345,723 | 866,459 | 2,212,182 | 125,083 |
| | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 246 600 | 212,980 | EE0 E00 | 4,889 |
| Accounts payable Accrued liabilities | 346,609 111,535 | 38,417 | 559,589 149,952 | 4,889 4,525 |
| Accrued interest payable | 3,957 | 11,908 | 15,865 | 3,728 |
| Due to other governmental units | 22,002 | ,,,,,, | 22,002 | 28,463 |
| Uneared revenue | 533,694 | - | 533,694 | - |
| Current portion of compensated absences | 109,208 | 64,490 | 173,698 | - |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 247,446 | 590,000 | 837,446 | 250,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,374,451 | 917,795 | 2,292,246 | 291,605 |
| Total carrent naphiaes | 1,071,101 | ,11,110 | 2,2,2,210 | 271,000 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | | |
| Customer deposits | - | 181,862 | 181,862 | - |
| Noncurrent portion of compensated absences | 49,247 | 1 ((2 200 | 49,247 | 1 270 000 |
| Noncurrent portion of long-term debt Net pension liability | 859,329 2,837,499 | 1,662,300 3,115,424 | 2,521,629 5,952,923 | 1,370,000 264,057 |
| Net other post-employment benefit liability | 936,974 | 503,771 | 1,440,745 | 20,309 |
| | | | | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 4,683,049 | 5,463,357 | 10,146,406 | 1,654,366 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 6,057,500 | 6,381,152 | 12,438,652 | 1,945,971 |
| TO THE EMBERTIES | 0,037,300 | 0,301,132 | 12,130,032 | 1,713,771 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | 592,420 | 531,085 | 1,123,505 | 33,794 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | 1,254,806 | 674,656 | 1,929,462 | 27,198 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 1,847,226 | 1,205,741 | 3,052,967 | 60,992 |
| | | | | |
| NET POSITION | 7.404.626 | 6.742.502 | 14227200 | 011 (2) |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted | 7,484,626 | 6,742,582 | 14,227,208 | 811,626 |
| Bond retirement | _ | 1,313,031 | 1,313,031 | _ |
| Electric utility | - | 660,036 | 660,036 | - |
| Highways and streets | 1,895,121 | - | 1,895,121 | - |
| Act 302 training | 23,591 | - | 23,591 | - |
| Parks and recreation | 23,983 | - | 23,983 | - |
| Building department Drug law enforcement | 200,995 77 | - | 200,995 77 | - |
| Cemetery perpetual care | 73,853 | - | 73,853 | - |
| Friends of the island | 31,555 | - | 31,555 | - |
| Dog park | 55 | - | 55 | - |
| Debt service | 12,999 | - | 12,999 | - |
| Housing services | 16,670 | | 16,670 | - |
| Unrestricted | (2,767,612) | 5,150,436 | 2,382,824 | 1,380,756 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 6,995,913 | \$ 13,866,085 | \$ 20,861,998 | \$ 2,192,382 |
| | | | | |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Change | | | | | nd Changes in Net P | ges in Net Position | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | | Program Revenues | | F | Primary Governmer | nt | _ | |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | Component Units | |
| Primary government Governmental activities General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Community and economic development Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt | \$ 977,177 1,429,420 719,879 13,938 103,521 343,732 946 | \$ 154,620 99,129 833,393 - - 55,873 | \$ 17,497 - 1,225,964 - 211,025 16,750 | \$ 674,770 - - - - - - - | \$ (130,290) (1,330,291) 1,339,478 (13,938) 107,504 (271,109) (946) | \$ - - - - - - | \$ (130,290) (1,330,291) 1,339,478 (13,938) 107,504 (271,109) (946) | \$ - - - - - - | |
| Total governmental activities | 3,588,613 | 1,143,015 | 1,471,236 | 674,770 | (299,592) | | (299,592) | | |
| Business-type activities Electric Water Sewage | 9,766,202 1,141,067 1,566,874 | 10,501,019 845,096 1,035,801 | - - - | 449,847 - - | - - - | 1,184,664 (295,971) (531,073) | 1,184,664 (295,971) (531,073) | - - - | |
| Total business-type activities | 12,474,143 | 12,381,916 | | \$ 449,847 | | 357,620 | 357,620 | | |
| Total primary government | \$ 16,062,756 | \$ 13,524,931 | \$ 1,471,236 | \$ 1,124,617 | (299,592) | 357,620 | 58,028 | | |
| Component units LDFA Island Industrial Park TIFA I DDA | \$ 226,538 288,647 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - 25,334 | <u>-</u> | | | (226,538) (263,313) | |
| Total component units | \$ 515,185 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 25,334 | | | | (489,851) | |
| General revenues Property taxes Local community stabilization State shared revenue Investment earnings Other Transfers | | | | | 1,041,131 152,154 606,437 14,297 86,963 388,395 | 586,724 241,312 - 3,669 40,102 (388,395) | 1,627,855 393,466 606,437 17,966 127,065 | 183,045 167,133 - 648 48,770 | |
| Total general revenues and transfers | | | | | 2,289,377 | 483,412 | 2,772,789 | 399,596 | |
| Change in net position | | | | | 1,989,785 | 841,032 | 2,830,817 | (90,255) | |
| Restated net position, beginning of the year | | | | | 5,006,128 | 13,025,053 | 18,031,181 | 2,282,637 | |
| Net position, end of the year | | | | | \$ 6,995,913 | \$ 13,866,085 | \$ 20,861,998 | \$ 2,192,382 | |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

| | Nonmajor General Governmental Fund Funds | | | Total | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------|----|-----------|-----------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 78,283 | \$ | 2,932,448 | \$ 3,010,731 |
| Accounts receivables | | 9,086 | | - | 9,086 |
| Due from other governmental units | | 272,510 | | 108,489 | 380,999 |
| Due from other funds | | 2,155,769 | | 10,440 | 2,166,209 |
| Inventory | | 647 | | - | 647 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 15,371 | | 4,437 | 19,808 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 2,531,666 | \$ | 3,055,814 | \$ 5,587,480 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 308,474 | \$ | 38,135 | \$ 346,609 |
| Accrued wages payable | | 20,393 | | 6,904 | 27,297 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 80,732 | | 3,506 | 84,238 |
| Due to other governmental units | | 22,002 | | - | 22,002 |
| Due to other funds | | 940,150 | | 49,491 | 989,641 |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | 533,694 | 533,694 |
| Advance from other funds | | | | 140,000 | 140,000 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 1,371,751 | | 771,730 | 2,143,481 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 16,018 | | 4,437 | 20,455 |
| Restricted | | - | | 2,278,419 | 2,278,419 |
| Committed | | - | | 1,228 | 1,228 |
| Unassigned | | 1,143,897 | | <u>-</u> | 1,143,897 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 1,159,915 | | 2,284,084 | 3,443,999 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | \$ | 2,531,666 | \$ | 3,055,814 | \$ 5,587,480 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds

3,443,999

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is \$ 15,052,736 Accumulated depreciation is \$ (7,046,678)

Capital assets, net 8,006,058

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Net position of governmental activities accounted for in the Internal Service Funds

1,056,368

Governmental funds report actual pension/OPEB expenditures for the fiscal year, whereas the governmental activities will recognize the net pension/OPEB liability as of the measurement date. Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be deferred in the statement of net position. In addition, resources related to changes of assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and differences between projected and actual pension/OPEB plan investment earnings will be deferred over time in the government-wide financial statements. These amounts consist of:

| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | 398,317 |
|--|-------------|
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (592,420) |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 947,406 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | (1,254,806) |

(501,503)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

| Long-term debt | (1,073,481) |
|--|-------------|
| Compensated absences | (158,455) |
| Accrued interest payable | (2,600) |
| Net pension liability | (2,837,499) |
| Net other post-employment benefits liability | (936,974) |

(5,009,009)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 6,995,913

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | | General Fund | | Nonmajor vernmental Funds | | Total |
|---|----|-----------------|----|---------------------------------|----|-----------|
| REVENUES | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 1,022,390 | \$ | 257,860 | \$ | 1,280,250 |
| Licenses and permits | | 849,989 | | 88,667 | | 938,656 |
| Intergovernmental | | | | | | |
| Federal | | 674,770 | | 17,497 | | 692,267 |
| State | | 794,619 | | 765,412 | | 1,560,031 |
| Local | | 154,195 | | 2,500 | | 156,695 |
| Charges for services | | 35,718 | | 62,123 | | 97,841 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 11,702 | | - | | 11,702 |
| Interest and rentals | | 23,230 | | 653 | | 23,883 |
| Donations | | 16,750 | | - | | 16,750 |
| Reimbursements | | 12,188 | | - | | 12,188 |
| Other | | 76,532 | | 9,411 | | 85,943 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 3,672,083 | | 1,204,123 | | 4,876,206 |
| EXPENDITURES Current | | | | | | |
| General government | | 1,363,282 | | 17,497 | | 1,380,779 |
| Public safety | | 1,396,032 | | 179,690 | | 1,575,722 |
| Public works | | 697,794 | | 354,160 | | 1,051,954 |
| Health and welfare | | 13,938 | | · - | | 13,938 |
| Community and economic development | | 103,521 | | - | | 103,521 |
| Recreation and culture | | 61,546 | | 289,566 | | 351,112 |
| Debt service | | -, | | 478,528 | | 478,528 |
| Capital outlay | | _ | | - | | - |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 3,636,113 | | 1,319,441 | | 4,955,554 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | | 35,970 | | (115,318) | | (79,348) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 10,000 | | 676,395 | | 686,395 |
| Transfers out | | (473,250) | | (10,000) | | (483,250) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | | | | | | |
| SOURCES (USES) | | (463,250) | | 666,395 | | 203,145 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | (427,280) | | 551,077 | | 123,797 |
| Restated fund balances, beginning of year | | 1,587,195 | | 1,733,007 | | 3,320,202 |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 1,159,915 | \$ | 2,284,084 | \$ | 3,443,999 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 123,797

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

| Capital outlay | \$ 1,310,681 |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| Depreciation expense | (461,848) |

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense

848,833

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds.

Increase in net position of Internal Service Funds

34,375

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Debt principal retirement

473,227

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

| (Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | (64,093) |
|--|-------------|
| (Increase) in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (164,236) |
| Increase in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 34,570 |
| (Increase) in deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | (1,099,876) |
| Decrease in accrued interest payable | 4,370 |
| Decrease in compensated absences | 6,599 |
| Decrease in net pension liability | 572,314 |
| Decrease in net other post-employment benefits liability | 1,219,905 |

509,553

Change in net position of governmental activities

1,989,785

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

| | Business-type Activities | Governmental Activities |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Utility Fund | Internal Service Funds |
| ASSETS | Othity Fund | Fullus |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 8,351,928 | \$ 298,849 |
| Accounts receivable | 1,142,503 | - |
| Due from other governmental units | 79,882 | - |
| Due from other funds | 1,207,560 | 578,500 |
| Note receivable | 3,696 | - |
| Prepaids and deposits Inventories | 678,542 477,885 | - |
| , c.i.co. | | |
| Total current assets | 11,941,996 | 877,349 |
| Noncurrent assets | | |
| Cash and investments - restricted | 2,100,596 | - |
| Advance to other funds | 140,000 | - |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 8,994,882 | 585,343 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 11,235,478 | 585,343 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 23,177,474 | 1,462,692 |
| DEPENDED OUTE OME OF DECOUDERS | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 257.070 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 357,078 | - |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 509,381 | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 866,459 | |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | 212,980 | - |
| Accrued payroll | 25,218 | - |
| Accrued liabilities | 13,199 | - |
| Due to other funds | 2,590,955 | 371,673 |
| Accrued interest payable | 11,908 | 1,357 |
| Current portion of compensated absences | 64,490 | 22.204 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 590,000 | 33,294 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,508,750 | 406,324 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | |
| Customer deposits | 181,862 | - |
| Noncurrent portion of long-term debt | 1,662,300 | - |
| Net pension liability | 3,115,424 | - |
| Net other post-employment benefits liability | 503,771 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 5,463,357 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 8,972,107_ | 406,324 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | 531,085 | _ |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | 674,656 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 1,205,741 | - |
| | | |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 6,742,582 | 552,049 |
| Restricted | 4.040.55 | |
| Bond retirement | 1,313,031 | - |
| Electric utility Unrestricted | 660,036 5,150,436 | - 504,319 |
| | | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 13,866,085 | \$ 1,056,368 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Business-type Activities | Governmental Activities |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Utility Fund | Internal Service Funds |
| OPERATING REVENUES | d 12.240.676 | ф |
| Charges for services | \$ 12,349,676 | \$ - |
| Fines and forfeitures Other revenue | 32,240 | - 0.210 |
| Other revenue | 40,102 | 8,218 |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 12,422,018 | 8,218 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Personal services | 1,273,180 | - |
| Contractual services | 513,304 | - |
| Supplies | 41,033 | - |
| Materials | 208,599 | - |
| Utilities | 232,453 | - |
| Telephone | 13,560 | - |
| Insurance | 104,808 | - |
| Maintenance | 7,715,101 | - |
| Franchise fees | 806,988 | - |
| Benefit payments | 393,034 | - |
| Other expense | 73,829 | 24,410 |
| Depreciation | 1,034,725 | 134,698 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 12,410,614 | 159,108 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 11,404 | (150,890) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | |
| Property taxes | 586,724 | - |
| Intergovernmental | 449,847 | |
| Local community stabilization | 241,312 | - |
| Interest income | 3,669 | 32 |
| Interest expense | (63,529) | (17) |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | 1,218,023 | 15 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS | 1,229,427 | (150,875) |
| TRANSFERS | | |
| Transfers in | 12,000 | 185,250 |
| Transfers out | (400,395) | - |
| | | |
| TOTAL TRANSFERS | (388,395) | 185,250 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 841,032 | 34,375 |
| Restated Net position, beginning of year | 13,025,053 | 1,021,993 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 13,866,085 | \$ 1,056,368 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Business-type Activities | Governmental Activities |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Utility Fund | Internal Service Funds |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Cash receipts from customers | \$ 12,250,949 | \$ - |
| Cash received from contributions | 301,502 | 8,218 |
| Cash paid to employees | (1,264,417) | - |
| Cash paid for employee benefits | (383,358) | (16,811) |
| Cash paid to suppliers | (10,221,078) | (7,599) |
| NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY | | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 683,598 | (16,192) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Receipt (payment) from interfund balances | 660,743 | (23,977) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Property taxes | 586,724 | - |
| Intergovernmental | 449,847 | - |
| Local community stabilization | 241,312 | - |
| Purchases of capital asset | (1,782,310) | (84,530) |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | (575,000) | (32,401) |
| Interest and fiscal charges | (66,533) | (243) |
| NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND | | |
| RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (1,145,960) | (117,174) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Interest received | 3,669 | 32 |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH | | |
| AND INVESTMENTS | 202,050 | (157,311) |
| Restated cash and investments, beginning of year | 10,250,474 | 456,160 |
| Cash and investments, end of year | \$ 10,452,524 | \$ 298,849 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Business-type Activities Utility Fund | | Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds | |
|---|--|-------------|--|-----------|
| | | | | |
| Reconciliation of operating (loss) to | | | | |
| net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | | | |
| Operating (loss) | \$ | 11,404 | \$ | (150,890) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to | | | | |
| net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 1,034,725 | | 134,698 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities and DIOR and DOOR | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | (167,241) | | - |
| Due from other governmental units | | 301,502 | | - |
| Notes receivable | | 1,413 | | - |
| Prepaids and deposits | | (152,263) | | - |
| Inventories | | (21,232) | | - |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | | 44,646 | | - |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | | 242,317 | | - |
| Accounts payable | | (204,132) | | - |
| Accrued payroll | | 2,028 | | - |
| Accrued liabilities | | 2,028 | | - |
| Compensated absences | | 6,735 | | - |
| Customer deposits | | (5,241) | | - |
| Net pension liability | | 153,105 | | - |
| Net other post-employment benefits liability | | (1,272,365) | | - |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | | 159,094 | | - |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | | 547,075 | | - |
| NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ | 683,598 | \$ | (16,192) |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

| | | Custodial Fund |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Other Post- | |
| | Employment | Tax |
| | Benefits | Fund |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 319,250 | \$ 1,828 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Undistributed collections payable | | 1,828 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Restricted | | |
| Other post-employment benefits | \$ 319,250 | \$ - |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | | Custodial Fund |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| | Other Post- Employment Benefits Plan | Tax Fund |
| ADDITIONS Contributions - employer Property tax collections for other governmental units Investment earnings | \$ 165,250 - (28,683) | \$ - (3,880,850) - |
| TOTAL ADDITIONS | 136,567 | (3,880,850) |
| DEDUCTIONS Administrative expenses Benefit payments Property tax distributions to other governmental units | 625 165,250 | - - (3,880,850) |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS | 165,875 | (3,880,850) |
| NET CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION | (29,308) | - |
| Net position, beginning of year | 348,558 | |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 319,250 | \$ - |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

| | LDFA Island Industrial Park | TIFA I Downtown Development Authority | Total |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 1,635,947 | \$ 74,490 | \$ 1,710,437 |
| Accounts receivable | - | 60 | 60 |
| Due from other governmental units | - | 13,574 | 13,574 |
| Prepaid expenses | 392 | | 392 |
| Total current assets | 1,636,339 | 88,124 | 1,724,463 |
| Noncurrent assets | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | 777,493 | 370,461 | 1,147,954 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 841,525 | 360,320 | 1,201,845 |
| • | | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 1,619,018 | 730,781 | 2,349,799 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 3,255,357 | 818,905 | 4,074,262 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Deferred charges on refunding | 81,827 | - | 81,827 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | 22,721 | - | 22,721 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 20,535 | | 20,535 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 125,083 | | 125,083 |
| LIABILITIES Current liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable | 4,580 | 309 | 4,889 |
| Accrued liabilities | 2,317 | 2,208 | 4,525 |
| Due to other governmental units | 27,034 | 1,429 | 28,463 |
| Accrued interest payable | 2,387 | 1,341 | 3,728 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 210,000 | 40,000 | 250,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 246,318 | 45,287 | 291,605 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | |
| Noncurrent portion of long-term debt | 1,085,000 | 285,000 | 1,370,000 |
| Net pension liability | 264,057 | - | 264,057 |
| Net other post-employment benefit liability | 20,309 | | 20,309 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 1,369,366 | 285,000 | 1,654,366 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 1,615,684 | 330,287 | 1,945,971 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | 33,794 | - | 33,794 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | 27,198 | | 27,198 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 60,992 | | 60,992 |
| NET POSITION | _ | _ | _ |
| Net investment in capital assets | 405,845 | 405,781 | 811,626 |
| Unrestricted | 1,297,919 | 82,837 | 1,380,756 |
| | | 02,007 | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 1,703,764 | \$ 488,618 | \$ 2,192,382 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position TIFA I Operating Downtown Grants and LDFA Island Development Functions/Programs Expenses Contributions **Industrial Park** Authority Total Governmental activities LDFA Island Industrial Park 226,538 (226,538)(226,538)288,647 TIFA I Downtown Development Authority 25,334 (263,313) (263,313) **TOTALS** 515,185 25,334 (226,538)(263,313)(489,851)General revenues Property taxes 96,381 86,664 183,045 Local community stabilization 167,133 167,133 88 Investment earnings 560 648 Other 48,770 48,770 Total general revenues 264,074 135,522 399,596 Change in net position 37,536 (127,791)(90,255)Restated net position, beginning of the year 1,666,228 616,409 2,282,637 Net position, end of the year 1,703,764 488,618 2,192,382

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Eaton Rapids was incorporated under the laws of the State of Michigan in 1837. The City operates under an elected Mayor - Council (five members) form of government and provides the following services: public safety, highways and streets, water, electricity, sanitation, recreation, public improvements, planning, zoning, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to city governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's more significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the financial activities of the City (primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>

The TIFA I Downtown Development Authority and the LDFA Island Industrial Park (component units) are reported in a separate column to emphasize that, while legally separate, the City remains financially accountable for these entities or the nature and significance of the relationship between these entities and the City is such that exclusion of these entities would render the financial statements misleading or incomplete.

The governing bodies of the TIFA I Downtown Development Authority and the LDFA Island Industrial Park are appointed by the City Council, the budgets are subject to the approval of the City Council, the City temporarily relinquishes part of its tax base to the entities (tax increment revenues), and the City has pledged its full faith and credit toward payment of the entities' debt.

Fiduciary Component Unit

The Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund was established to account for the assets set aside to fund the City of Eaton Rapids Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan. The primary purpose of the Trust is to provide the necessary funding for the retiree health benefits provided to eligible City employees during retirement. The Trust was established through MERS in a Retiree Health Funding Vehicle, with the City Council serving as the trustees. The assets of the Trust are for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries, and the assets shall not be diverted to any other purpose prior to the satisfaction of all liabilities. The assets are protected from any of the City's creditors. Members of the Board of Directors of the Trust are the same as the City Council. The City Council has the ability to exercise oversight responsibility, specifically in the area of designation of management.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Blended Component Unit

The City council established the City of Eaton Rapids Building Authority under State law. The three-member Authority Board's purpose will be to acquire, improve, and maintain buildings other than infrastructure for purposes of the City.

Basis of Presentation

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and the statement of activities (the government-wide financial statements) present information for the primary government and its component units as a whole. All nonfiduciary activities of the primary government are included (i.e., fiduciary fund activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements). For the most part, interfund activity has been eliminated in the preparation of these statements, but interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the primary government and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to recipients of goods or services and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, interest, and unrestricted State revenue sharing payments and other general revenues and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements present the City's individual major funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following *major governmental fund*:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following *major enterprise fund*:

> The Utility Fund is used to account for activities and operations of the electric plant, water, and sewage treatment plant. These activities are financed primarily through property taxes and user charges.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following *fund types*:

- a. Internal service funds account for the management of the motor pool and public employee benefits provided to various departments of the City on cost reimbursement basis.
- b. Component units fiduciary funds are used to account for the assets held in a trustee capacity. The Other Post-Employment Benefits Fund accounts for the assets held by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) to fund future medical insurance for eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.
- b. Custodial funds account for assets held by the City as a custodian for other governments, private organizations, or individuals. The City's custodial fund is the Tax Fund.

Measurement Focus

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet, when applicable. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is sixty (60) days. Revenues that are considered measurable but not available are recorded as a receivable and unavailable revenue. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual are special assessments and certain intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Accounting (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and other costs of running the activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities to the beneficiaries of a fiduciary activity. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the City to disburse fiduciary resources.

If/when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The General and any major special revenue funds' budgets shown as required supplementary information was prepared on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results. This basis is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all required governmental fund types. The City employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Prior to the first regular Council meeting in May, the Budget Committee submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A Public Hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments by the end of May.
- c. No later than the third Monday in June, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. The City Manager is authorized to make budgetary transfers between the line items of departments established through these budgets, except salaries/wages and capital outlay items, with all transfers reported to the City Council at its next regular meeting. All transfers between departments and all transfers of salaries/wages and capital outlay items within departments may be made only by City Council action.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- f. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The General Fund budget is adopted on an activity level basis and the Special Revenue Funds' budgets are adopted on a total fund level.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash, cash equivalents, and Investments

The City maintains a pool for all City funds. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on the statement of net position/balance sheet as "cash, cash equivalents, and investments".

The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of checking and savings accounts, cash on hand, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than 90 days.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit with original maturities of greater than 90 days and consist of the MERS Total Market Portfolio. Only the participants in a MERS Plan can invest in MERS Funds, which are managed in a separate account in a collective trust, specifically for MERS Plans. Investments are recorded at fair value.

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the City is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belong to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain revenues and resources in the proprietary fund types are classified as restricted on the balance sheet because their use is limited. The restricted cash and investments of the City reported in the Utility Fund represent customer deposits and accumulated funds required for the applicable bond covenants are held in a separate account.

Receivables and Due from other Governments

Receivables consist of amounts due from the State and Federal Government for various payments and grants and receivables for charges for services provided to local governmental units, accounts receivable related to charges for services, interest receivable, and other amounts owed to the City at year-end.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property Tax

Property taxes are levied by the City on July 1 and are payable without penalty through August 31. The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county, intermediate school district, and other school districts. All tax collections are accounted for in a trust and agency fund.

The City is permitted by state statute and City Charter to levy taxes up to 8.5084 mills (\$8.55 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation) for general governmental services. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City levied 8.5084 mills per \$1,000 of taxable valuation for general governmental services and 0.8505 mills for parks and recreation, and 4.8944 mills for wastewater improvements. The total taxable value for the 2021 levy for the property within the City was \$117,744,810.

Capital Assets

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND COMPONENT UNITS

Capital assets are recorded (net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable) in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are those with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Land improvements | 10 - 20 years |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| Buildings and improvements | 10 - 40 years |
| Machinery, equipment, and furniture | 5 - 20 years |
| Vehicles | 3 - 10 years |
| Utility Systems | 10 - 40 years |
| Infrastructure | 20 - 25 years |

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period or for resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

The Statement of Net Position reports unearned revenue for resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types when incurred. The portion of those liabilities expected to be paid within the next year are reported as current liabilities with the remaining amounts shown as noncurrent.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated in a Debt Service Fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

Compensated Absences

The cost of the compensated absences, including related payroll taxes, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities. For proprietary funds, it is recorded as a liability and expensed as incurred.

Vacation days are earned by employees at a rate of 10 to 25 days per year.

Sick days are earned by employees at a rate of five days per year. Sick days may be banked with a cap of 240 hours. At the time an employee leaves the City, the banked time would be paid out at 50% of what was in the bank at the rate the time was earned.

Personal leave days are earned by employees at a rate of 5 to 12 days per year.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will, when applicable, report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. *Deferred outflows of resources*, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance, respectively, that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. *Deferred inflows of resources*, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance, respectively, that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City reports deferred outflows of resources for the deferred charge on refunding which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period to which it applies.

The City also reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources which correspond to the City's net pension liability and net OPEB liability and are related to differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings, and contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources in the period to which they apply.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market utilizing the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the enterprise funds consist of water, sewer, and electric system parts and supplies.

Net Pension Liability and Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability

The net pension liability and net other post-employment liability are deemed to be noncurrent liabilities and are recognized on the statement of net position.

Accrued Interest Payable

Accrued interest payable is associated with long-term obligations and presented in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers.

Restrictions of net position

Restrictions of net position shown in the government-wide financial statements indicate that restrictions imposed by an outside source which precludes their use for unrestricted purposes.

Details of Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The following are the five classifications of fund balance under this standard:

Nonspendable - assets that are not available in a spendable form such as inventory, prepaid expenditures, and long-term receivables not expected to be converted to cash in the near term. It also includes funds that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of a permanent fund or foundation.

Restricted - amounts that are required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws, regulations or enabling legislation.

Committed - amounts constrained on use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned - amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. This is determined by the governing body, the budget or finance committee or a delegated municipality official.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Details of Fund Balance Classifications - continue

Unassigned - all other resources; the remaining fund balance after nonspendable, restrictions, commitments, and assignments. This class only occurs in the General Fund, except for cases of negative fund balances. Negative fund balances are always reported as unassigned, no matter which fund the deficit occurs in.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

For committed fund balance, the City's highest level of decision-making authority is the City Council. Formal action that is required to be taken to establish a fund balance commitment has not been determined by the City Council.

For assigned fund balance, the City Council has not approved a policy indicating anyone is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. As a result, this authority is retained by the City Council.

The City has not adopted a policy that defines the order of usage for fund balance amounts classified as restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. In the absence of such a policy the City considers restricted amount to have been spent first when expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in the accompanying financial statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the City had deposits and investments subject to the following risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, \$2,925,351 of the City's bank balance of \$15,357,744 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$14,931,483 as of June 30, 2022. The cash caption on the primary government's financial statements includes \$650 of petty cash.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City will do business. As of June 30, 2022, the City did not hold any investments that were subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the City's cash requirements. The average maturities of investments are noted below.

| | | Weighted | |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|----------|
| | | Average | Standard |
| | | Maturity | & Poor's |
| Investment Type | Fair Value | (in years) | Rating |
| | | | |
| U.S. Government Bonds | \$ 543,696 | 2.27 | AA+ |

One day maturity equals 0.0027, on year equals 1.00.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality. As of June 30, 2022, the City held investments that were subject to ratings as noted above.

Fair Value Measurements

The City is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Price determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fair Value Measurements - continued

Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs may be used in situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant (for example, when there is little or no market activity for an investment at the end of the period). Unobservable inputs reflect the organization's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using net asset per value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. The City had the following fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

| | Fair Value Measurements | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|----|----------|--|--|--|
| | Quoted Prices | | | | | | | |
| | in Active | Significant | | | | | | |
| | Markets for | Other | Significant | | | | | |
| | Identical | Observable | Unobservable | | | | | |
| | Assets | Inputs | Inputs | | | | | |
| | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | | Total | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Investments by fair value level U.S. Government Bonds | \$ 543,696 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 543,696 | | | |
| o.s. dovernment bonds | Ψ 343,070 | Ψ | Ψ | Ψ | 343,070 | | | |
| Investments at net asset value (NAV) | | | | | | | | |
| MERS Total Market Portfolio | | | | | 319,250 | | | |
| | | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Total investments | | | | \$ | 862,946 | | | |

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Foreign Currency Risk

The City is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value Per Share

The City holds shares or interests in the MERS total market portfolio where the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient. MERS invests assets in a manner which will seek the highest investment return consistent with the preservation of principal and meet the daily liquidity needs of participants.

At the year ended June 30, 2022, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

| | Fair Value | | - | Jnfunded mmitments | Fr | demption equency, Eligible | Redemption Notice Period | | |
|---|------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------|----|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| MERS Total Market Portfolio | \$ 319,250 | | \$ | \$ - | | No restrictions | | None | |
| The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2022: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Primary vernment | C | Component Units | | Fiduciary Funds | | Reporting Entity | |
| Cash and investments Cash and investments - restricted | \$ 1 | 1,661,508 2,100,596 | \$ | 1,710,437 | \$ | 321,078 | \$ | 13,693,023 2,100,596 | |
| | \$ 1 | 3,762,104 | \$ | 1,710,437 | \$ | 321,078 | \$ | 15,793,619 | |

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the City held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - RESTRICTED

The following summarizes the restricted cash and investments as of June 30, 2022:

| | Jtility Fund |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Customer deposits Bond reserve | \$ 181,862 1,918,734 |
| | \$ 2,100,596 |

NOTE 4 - INTERNAL BALANCES

The following schedule details advances receivable and payable between funds as of June 30, 2022:

Advance to nonmajor governmental fund from
Utility Fund \$ 140,000

Amounts appearing as interfund payables and receivables arise from two types of transactions. One type of transaction is where a fund will pay for a good or service that at least a portion of the benefit belongs to another fund. The second type of transaction is where one fund provides a good or service to another fund. Balances at the end of the year are for transfers that have not cleared as of the balance sheet date.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The amount of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

| Due to General Fund from | \$ | 2 117 622 |
|---|----|------------------------------|
| Utility Fund | Ф | 2,117,623 |
| Nonmajor governmental funds | | 38,146 |
| | \$ | 2,155,769 |
| Due to nonmajor governmental funds from General Fund | \$ | 10,440 |
| deneral rand | Ψ | 10,110 |
| Due to Utility Fund from General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds Internal Service Funds | \$ | 824,542 11,345 371,673 |
| | \$ | 1,207,560 |
| Due to Internal Service Fund from General Fund Utility Fund | \$ | 105,168 473,332 |
| | \$ | 578,500 |

Amounts appearing as interfund payables and receivables arise from two types of transactions. One type of transaction is where a fund will pay for a good or service that at least a portion belongs to another fund. The second type of transaction is where one fund provides a good or service to another fund. Balances at the end of the year are for transfers that have not cleared as of the balance sheet date.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Primary Government

| | Restated Balance July 1, 2021 | Additions/ Reclassifications | Deletions/ Reclassifications | Balance June 30, 2022 | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 747,077 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 747,077 | |
| Work in progress | 1,060,112 | 933,163 | (1,993,275) | | |
| Subtotal, capital assets not being depreciated | 1,807,189 | 933,163 | (1,993,275) | 747,077 | |
| Capital assets being depreciated | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 4,956,039 | - | - | 4,956,039 | |
| Land improvements | 1,349,236 | 1,993,275 | - | 3,342,511 | |
| Vehicles | 2,412,434 | 84,530 | - | 2,496,964 | |
| Machinery, equipment, and furniture | 871,643 | = | = | 871,643 | |
| Infrastructure | 4,233,296 | 377,518 | | 4,610,814 | |
| Subtotal | 13,822,648 | 2,455,323 | | 16,277,971 | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | (2,946,737) | (92,211) | - | (3,038,948) | |
| Land improvements | (759,817) | (56,416) | - | (816,233) | |
| Vehicles | (1,410,786) | (168,888) | - | (1,579,674) | |
| Machinery, equipment, and furniture | (631,783) | (29,552) | - | (661,335) | |
| Infrastructure | (2,087,978) | (249,479) | | (2,337,457) | |
| Subtotal | (7,837,101) | (596,546) | | (8,433,647) | |
| Net capital assets being depreciated | 5,985,547 | 1,858,777 | | 7,844,324 | |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 7,792,736 | \$ 2,791,940 | \$ (1,993,275) | \$ 8,591,401 | |

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental activities:

| General government | \$ 74,380 |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Public safety | 169,792 |
| Public works | 342,115 |
| Recreation and culture | 10,259 |
| | |
| Total depreciation expense | \$ 596,546 |

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Primary Government (continued)

| | Restated Balance July 1, 2021 | Additions/ Reclassifications | Deletions/ Reclassifications | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | | | | |
| Work in progress | \$ 744,076 | \$ 631,492 | \$ (1,375,568) | \$ - |
| Capital assets being depreciated | | | | |
| Water | 9,068,818 | 411,214 | - | 9,480,032 |
| Electric | 8,696,380 | 1,957,395 | - | 10,653,775 |
| Sewage | 14,840,999 | 157,777 | | 14,998,776 |
| Subtotal | 32,606,197 | 2,526,386 | - | 35,132,583 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Water | (5,886,423) | (276,866) | - | (6,163,289) |
| Electric | (7,679,420) | (226,563) | - | (7,905,983) |
| Sewage | (11,537,133) | (531,296) | | (12,068,429) |
| Subtotal | (25,102,976) | (1,034,725) | | (26,137,701) |
| Net capital assets being depreciated | 7,503,221 | 1,491,661 | | 8,994,882 |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 8,247,297 | \$ 2,123,153 | \$ (1,375,568) | \$ 8,994,882 |
| Water | | \$ | 276,866 | |
| Electric | | * | 226,563 | |
| Sewage | | | 531,296 | |
| Ü | | | <u> </u> | |
| Total depreciation e | expense | \$ | 1,034,725 | |
| Component Units | | | | |

Component Units

| Balance | Additions/ | Deletions/ | Balance | |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|
| July 1, 2021 | Reclassifications | Reclassifications | June 30, 2022 | |
| | | | | |
| \$ 1,147,954 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,147,954 | |
| | | | | |
| 1,530,045 | - | - | 1,530,045 | |
| 417.359 | - | _ | 417,359 | |
| 111,000 | | | | |
| 1,947,404 | - | - | 1,947,404 | |
| | | | | |
| (612,018) | (76,502) | - | (688,520) | |
| (48.692) | (8.347) | _ | (57,039) | |
| (10,012) | (0,011) | | (0.7007) | |
| (660,710) | (84,849) | | (745,559) | |
| 1.286.694 | (84.849) | <u>-</u> | 1,201,845 | |
| | (= /= -) | | | |
| \$ 2,434,648 | \$ (84,849) | \$ - | \$ 2,349,799 | |
| | July 1, 2021 \$ 1,147,954 1,530,045 417,359 1,947,404 (612,018) (48,692) (660,710) 1,286,694 | July 1, 2021 Reclassifications \$ 1,147,954 \$ - 1,530,045 - 417,359 - 1,947,404 - (612,018) (76,502) (48,692) (8347) (660,710) (84,849) 1,286,694 (84,849) | July 1, 2021 Reclassifications Reclassifications \$ 1,147,954 \$ - \$ - 1,530,045 - - 417,359 - - 1,947,404 - - (612,018) (76,502) - (48,692) (8347) - (660,710) (84,849) - 1,286,694 (84,849) - | |

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations (including current portion) of the City for the year ended June 30, 2022:

| | Restated Balance July 1, 2021 Additions Deletions | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Amounts Due Within One Year | |
|---|---|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities General obligation bonds | | | | | |
| 2009 Capital improvement bonds | \$ 65,000 | \$ - | \$ (20,000) | \$ 45,000 | \$ 20,000 |
| 2009 Building authority refunding bonds | 265,000 | - | (265,000) | - | - |
| 2016 General obligation bonds | 850,000 | - | (160,000) | 690,000 | 165,000 |
| Notes from direct borrowing and direct placements | | | | | |
| Installment purchase agreement | 65,695 | - | (32,401) | 33,294 | 33,294 |
| Installment purchase agreement | 366,708 | - | (28,227) | 338,481 | 29,152 |
| Compensated absences | 165,054 | 107,157 | (113,756) | 158,455 | 109,208 |
| | 1,777,457 | 107,157 | (619,384) | 1,265,230 | 356,654 |
| Business-type Activities | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds 2009 Capital improvement bonds | 95,000 | | (45,000) | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Other long-term obligations | 93,000 | - | (43,000) | 30,000 | 30,000 |
| 2004 WWTP improvement bonds | 2,732,300 | _ | (530,000) | 2,202,300 | 540,000 |
| Compensated absences | 57,755 | 77,855 | (71,120) | 64,490 | 64,490 |
| | 2,885,055 | 77,855 | (646,120) | 2,316,790 | 654,490 |
| | | | | | |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | 4,662,512 | 185,012 | (1,265,504) | 3,582,020 | 1,011,144 |
| COMPONENT UNITS General obligation bonds | | | | | |
| 2009 Capital improvement bonds - DDA | 360,000 | - | (35,000) | 325,000 | 40,000 |
| 2016 Tax increment refunding bonds - LDFA | 1,505,000 | | (210,000) | 1,295,000 | 210,000 |
| TOTAL COMPONENT UNIT | 1,865,000 | | (245,000) | 1,620,000 | 250,000 |
| TOTAL REPORTING ENTITY | \$ 6,527,512 | \$ 185,012 | \$ (1,510,504) | \$ 5,202,020 | \$ 1,261,144 |

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term obligations are presented below:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

General Obligation Bonds

\$265,000 Capital Improvement Bonds dated September 15, 2009, due in annual installments ranging from \$20,000 to \$25,000 through June 2029 with interest ranging from 4.60% to 5.00%, payable semi-annually.

\$ 45.000

\$555,000 Capital Improvement Bonds dated November 20, 2008, due in an annual installment of \$50,000 in June 2023, with interest of 5.00%, payable semi-annually.

50,000

\$1,600,000 General Obligation Bonds dated June 30, 2016, due in annual installments ranging from \$165,000 to \$180,000 through June 2026, with interest ranging from 1.85% to 2.25%, payable annually.

690,000

\$ 785,000

Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

Install Purchase Agreement

\$298,101 Installment Purchase Agreement dated December 14, 2012, due in an annual installment of \$33,294 through August 2022, including interest at 2.75%. The purchase agreement is secured by the fire truck purchased. The agreement contains provisions that in an event of default the lender has various options including declaring the entire unpaid balance due immediately, require prompt return or secure possession of real property, and charge the City for reasonable fees and other expenses as a result of the default.

33,294

\$399,247 Installment Purchase Agreement dated September 15, 2020, due in an annual installment ranging from \$28,227 to \$38,966 through April 2032, including interest at 3.28%. The purchase agreement is secured by the fire truck purchased. The agreement contains provisions that in an event of default the lender has various options including declaring the entire unpaid balance due immediately, require prompt return or secure possession of real property, and charge the City for reasonable fees and other expenses as a result of the default.

338,481

\$ 371,775

Other Debt

Revenue Bonds

\$9,545,000 WWTP Improvement Bonds dated September 23, 2004, due in annual installments ranging from \$540,000 to \$560,000 through April 2026, with interest of 2.125%, payable semi-annually.

\$ 2,202,300

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Compensated Absences

In accordance with the City's personnel policies, individual employees have vested rights upon termination of employment to receive payment for unused sick pay under formulas and conditions specified in their respective personnel policies and/or contracts. The dollar amount of these vested rights, including related payroll taxes, amount to \$158,455 for governmental activities and \$64,490 for business-type activities. The current and noncurrent portions of the liability have been recorded as in both the governmental activities and the business-type activities financial statements. These liabilities are expected to be liquidated by the General Fund and the Utilities Fund.

COMPONENT UNITS

General Obligation Bonds

\$710,000 Capital Improvement Bonds dated September 15, 2009, due in annual installments rnaing from \$40,000 to \$55,000 through June 2029, with interest ranging from 4.60% to 5.00%, payable semi-annually.

\$ 325,000

\$2,155,000 Local Development Finance Authority Bond dated October 24, 2016, due in annual installments ranging from \$210,000 to \$220,000 through June 2028, with interest ranging from 1.95% to 2.45%, payable semi-annually.

1,295,000

\$ 1,620,000

Advance Refunding - Prior

On October 24, 2016, the City defeased the portion of the 2008 Tax Increment Bonds which were due and payable June 1, 2019 through June 1, 2028. This was accomplished by establishing an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent composed of cash and U.S. Government Securities sufficient to meet the applicable principal and interest payments. The City issued 2016 Tax Increment Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$2,155,000 to provide resources to fund the escrow amounts and pay the costs of issuance of the refunding bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At June 30, 2022, bonds due and payable June 1, 2023 through June 1, 2028, for the 2008 Tax Increment Bonds in the amount of \$1,285,000 are considered defeased.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding for the Bonds and other obligations are as follows:

| | | | | | (| General Obli | gation | Bonds | | | | |
|-------------|------|---------------|---------|----------|--------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|----|-----------|-------|----------|
| Year Ending | | Governmen | tal Act | tivities | Business-type Activities | | | | | Compon | ent U | nits |
| June 30, | I | Principal | I | nterest | P | rincipal | I | nterest | | Principal | | Interest |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 185,000 | \$ | 16,686 | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 2,500 | \$ | 250,000 | \$ | 44,732 |
| 2024 | | 195,000 | | 12,548 | | - | | - | | 250,000 | | 38,798 |
| 2025 | | 175,000 | | 7,812 | | - | | - | | 260,000 | | 32,492 |
| 2026 | | 180,000 | | 4,050 | | - | | - | | 265,000 | | 25,620 |
| 2027 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 270,000 | | 18,420 |
| 2028-2030 | | - | | | | | | - | | 325,000 | | 13,393 |
| | | | | _ | | _ | | | | _ | | |
| | \$ | 735,000 | \$ | 41,096 | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 2,500 | \$ | 1,620,000 | \$ | 173,455 |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | No | otes from Dir | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | | and Direct | | | 0t | her Long-te | | | | | | |
| | Inst | tallment Purc | | 0 | | Revenu | ie Bono | ds | | | | |
| Year Ended | | Governmen | tal Act | tivities | | Business-ty | pe Act | ivities | | | | |
| June 30, | I | Principal | I | nterest | P | rincipal | I | nterest | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 62,446 | \$ | 12,008 | \$ | 540,000 | \$ | 46,798 | | | | |
| 2024 | | 30,107 | | 10,136 | | 550,000 | | 35,324 | | | | |
| 2025 | | 31,093 | | 9,149 | | 560,000 | | 23,636 | | | | |
| 2026 | | 32,112 | | 8,131 | | 552,300 | | 11,736 | | | | |
| 2027 | | 33,164 | | 7,078 | | - | | - | | | | |
| 2028-2032 | | 182,853 | | 18,361 | | - | | - | | | | |
| | \$ | 371,775 | \$ | 64,863 | \$ 7 | 2,202,300 | \$ | 117,494 | | | | |

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

<u>Plan Description</u>

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan's Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefits provided include plans with multipliers ranging from 1.50% to 2.50% with an 80% or no max, depending on division.

Vesting periods range from 6 to 10 years.

Normal retirement age is 60 with unreduced early retirement at 50 to 55, with 25 years of service, depending on division. Reduced early retirement age is 50 with 25 years of service or 55 with 15 years of service, depending on division.

Final average compensation is calculated based on 3 to 5 years, depending on division. Member contributions are 0.00% to 6.25%, depending on division.

Benefit terms, within the parameters established by MERS, are generally established and amended by authority of the City Council, generally after negotiations of these terms with the affected unions. Benefit terms may be subject to binding arbitration in certain circumstances.

At the December 31, 2021, valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active employees | 39 28 25 |
|---|----------------|
| | 92 |

Contributions

Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, MERS retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS retirement board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer contributions range from 1.25% to 15.98% based on annual payroll for open divisions. Seven divisions closed to new employees had total annual employer contribution of \$688,749.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, there was \$65,056 consisting of both employer and employee contributions, outstanding and owed to the pension plan.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary increases: 3.00% plus merit and longevity; 3.00% in the long-term.

Investment rate of return: 7.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses, including inflation.

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3.00% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3.00% - 4.00%.

Mortality rates used were based on a version of Pub-2010 and fully generational MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the 2014-2018 Five-Year Experience Study.

Projected Cash Flows

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geographic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-term | <u>Expected</u> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | <u>Target</u> | Expected Real | Money-Weighted |
| Asset Class | <u>Allocation</u> | Rate of Return | Rate of Return |
| | | | |
| Global equity | 60.00% | 4.50% | 2.70% |
| Global fixed income | 20.00% | 2.00% | 0.40% |
| Private investments | 20.00% | 7.00% | 1.40% |
| | | | |
| | 100.00% | | |
| Inflation | | _ | 2.50% |
| | | _ | |
| Assumed investment rate | e of return | | 7.00% |
| Administrative expense | netted above | _ | 0.25% |
| | | - | |
| Investment rate of return | | <u>-</u> | 7.25% |
| | | - | |

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because, for GASB 68 purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| | Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pens | | | |
| | Liability | Net Position | Liability | |
| Changes in Net Pension Liability | (a) | (b) | (a)-(b) | |
| Balances as of December 31, 2020 | \$ 16,432,447 | \$ 9,812,738 | \$ 6,619,709 | |
| Changes for the year | | | | |
| Service cost | 150,815 | - | 150,815 | |
| Interest on total pension liability | 1,212,856 | - | 1,212,856 | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (349,534) | - | (349,534) | |
| Changes in assumptions | 585,187 | - | 585,187 | |
| Employer contributions | = | 643,250 | (643,250) | |
| Employee contributions | = | 75,909 | (75,909) | |
| Net investment income | - | 1,298,308 | (1,298,308) | |
| Benefit payments, including employee refunds | (1,098,459) | (1,098,459) | - | |
| Administrative expense | | (15,414) | 15,414 | |
| Net changes | 500,865 | 903,594 | (402,729) | |
| Balances as of December 31, 2020 | \$ 16,933,312 | \$ 10,716,332 | \$ 6,216,980 | |

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's net position liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

| | | Current | |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ 8,100,371 | \$ 6,216,980 | \$ 4,634,464 |

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$758,678. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Differences in experience | \$ | - | \$ | 397,724 |
| Differences in assumptions | | 424,079 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | - | | 759,575 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date* | | 354,037 | | |
| Total | \$ | 778,116 | \$ | 1,157,299 |

^{*} The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition in the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | | Pension | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------|--|--|
| June 30, | | Expense | | |
| | ' <u>-</u> | _ | | |
| 2023 | \$ | (77,859) | | |
| 2024 | | (317,618) | | |
| 2025 | | (224,235) | | |
| 2026 | | (113,508) | | |
| | <u> </u> | _ | | |
| | \$ | (733,220) | | |

Changes in Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions were changed during the year as follows:

Decrease in investment rate of return from 7.35% to 7.00%.

Change in discount rate from 7.60% to 7.25%.

Changes in Benefits

There were no changes of benefit terms during plan year 2021.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Effective November 2011, as amended June 2019, the City Council established and adopted the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) 457 Supplemental Retirement Program Plan and Trust (the Plan) which is administered by MERS. The City Council can amend the Plan, as well as establish and amend the contribution requirements. The Plan is intended to qualify under Code Section 457(b) and the Plan is intended to be tax-exempt under Code Section 501(a). All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the defined contribution plan. The City is required to contribute 7% to 10% of earnings for all eligible employees.

The City's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$36,100.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City of Eaton Rapids Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Eaton Rapids. The Plan was established and is being funded under the authority of the City and under agreements with the unions representing various classes of employees. The Plan can be amended at the discretion of the City. The Plan does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements.

Benefits Provided

Benefits Eligibility

Administration - Hired on or before 1/1/2019 and age 55 with 20 years of service.

Police - Hired on or before 7/1/2019 age 50 with 25 years of service.

Union - Age 50 with 25 years of service.

Benefits - Medical, Dental and Vision

Administration

Normal Retirement - Retiree must pay 2.5 % of the premium with the employer paying 97.5% of the full premium for an employee and spouse.

Early Retirement

If employee has not reached the age of 55 but has 20 years of service at retirement, the percent of premium paid by the employer will be the employee's age at retirement divided by 55. If employee is age 55 but has less than 20 years of service at retirement, the percent of premium paid by the employer will be the employee's years of service divided by 20.

Police

Hired before 7/1/2013 - Retiree must pay 20% of the premium with the employer paying 80%. Hired on or after 7/1/2013 - Retiree must pay 50% of the premium with the employer paying 50%.

Union

Hired before 1/1/2014 - Retiree must pay 20% of the premium with the employer paying 80%. Hired on or after 1/1/2014 - Retiree must pay 50% of the premium with the employer paying 50%.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Benefits Provided - continued

Medicare -a fixed stipend amount coverage secondary to Medicare is available to the retiree and spouse provided that retiree and spouse are enrolled in Medicare at retiree's expense and continue to pay the percent of premium as summarized above.

Summary of Plan Participants

At the June 30, 2022, valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Retirees and beneficiaries | 22 |
|----------------------------|----|
| Active employees | 17 |
| | |
| | 39 |

Contributions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's only contributions were its portion of premium payments.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability of the City was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined through an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumption

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following assumptions:

| Inflation | 2.50% |
|-----------------|---|
| Salary increase | 3.00% (for purpose of allocating liability) |

7.00% (including inflation)

Investment rate of return 20-year Aa municipal bond rate 4.09% (S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index) 2010 Public General Employees and Health Retirees, Headcount Mortality

weighted

Improvement Scale MP-2021

The assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was determined by the City's management as of June 30, 2022. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the retirement plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Expected Real Rate of Return |
|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Global equity | 60.00% | 4.50% |
| Global fixed income | 20.00% | 2.00% |
| Private assets | 20.00% | 7.00% |

The sum of each target allocation times it's long-term expected real rate, plus inflation, is 7.00%

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumption - continued

The long-term expected rate of return on retirement plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of retirement plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City will first use assets to pay benefits and then pay benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Based on this assumption, the retirement plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2024 -the cross-over point. For projected benefits that are covered by projected assets, the long-term expected rate was used to discount the projected benefits. From the year that benefit payments were not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the "depletion date"), projected benefits were discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20-year AA/Aa tax-exempt municipal bond yield. A single equivalent discount rate that yields the same present value of benefits is calculated. This discount rate is used to determine the Total OPEB Liability.

Change in Net OPEB Liability

The change in the net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | |
|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| | Total OPEB | Plan Fiduciary | Net OPEB | |
| | Liability | Net Position | Liability | |
| Change in Net OPEB liability | (a) | (b) | (a)-(b) | |
| Balances at June 30, 2021 | \$ 4,347,963 | \$ 348,558 | \$ 3,999,405 | |
| Changes for the year | | | | |
| Service cost | 181,255 | - | 181,255 | |
| Interest on total OPEB liability | 97,481 | - | 97,481 | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (1,243,928) | - | (1,243,928) | |
| Change in plan terms | (540,474) | | (540,474) | |
| Changes in assumptions | (906,046) | - | (906,046) | |
| Employer contributions | - | 155,947 | (155,947) | |
| Net investment income | - | (28,683) | 28,683 | |
| Benefit payments | (155,947) | (155,947) | - | |
| Administrative expense | | (625) | 625 | |
| Net changes | (2,567,659) | (29,308) | (2,538,351) | |
| Balances as of June 30, 2022 | \$ 1,780,304 | \$ 319,250 | \$ 1,461,054 | |

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease | Current Rate | 1% Increase |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 1,604,474 | \$ 1,461,054 | \$ 1,336,300 |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trends rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | 1% Decrease | Current Rate | 1% Increase |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 1,435,152 | \$ 1,461,054 | \$ 1,490,656 |

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of (\$497,714). At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | 974,331 | \$ 1,003,323 | |
| Changes in assumptions | | 482,631 | 953,337 | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 20,360 | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,477,322 | \$ 1,956,660 | |

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | _ | OPEB Expense |
|--|----|--|
| 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter | \$ | (211,005) (210,712) (213,004) (203,887) 128,093 231,177 |
| | \$ | (479,338) |

NOTE 11 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, interfund transfers have been eliminated.

| Transfer to General Fund from Nonmajor governmental funds | \$ 10,000 |
|---|--------------------------|
| Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from General Fund Utility Fund | \$ 400,000 276,395 |
| | \$ 676,395 |
| Transfer to Utility Fund from General Fund | \$ 12,000 |
| Transfer to Internal Service funds from General Fund Utility Fund | \$ 61,250 124,000 |
| ounty runu | \$ 185,250 |

The transfers to the nonmajor governmental funds were for debt payments and to cover operational costs. The other transfers made during the year to various funds were for the purposes of funding specific projects within certain funds or to cover operational costs reflected in a particular fund.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City continues to monitor and perform annual testing of the City's landfill that has been closed for several years. Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) requires that this maintenance be performed. At this time, it is impossible to predict with any accuracy what, if any, additional remedial work may be required by EGLE prior to approval for final closure of the landfill.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City participates in a State pool, the Michigan Municipal League Workers' Compensation Fund, with other municipalities for workers' compensation losses. The pool is organized under Public Act 317 of 1969, as amended. In the event the pool's claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The City has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

The City also participates in a State pool, the Michigan Municipal League Liability and Property Pool, with other municipalities for general liability, public officials, law enforcement, employee benefit, automobile, comprehensive and collision. Cyber liability, and data breach liability coverage. The pool is organized under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended. Pool members' limits of coverage are detailed in their policy agreements with the authority. In the event the pool's claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The City has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

NOTE 14 - DETAILS OF FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The following details fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2022:

| | | General | | Nonmajor vernmental | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|-----------|----|------------------------|-------|-----------|--|--|
| | Fund | | | Funds | Total | | | |
| Fund balances | | | | | | _ | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | | | | |
| Prepaids | \$ | 16,018 | \$ | 4,437 | \$ | 20,455 | | |
| Restricted | | | | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | - | | 1,895,121 | | 1,895,121 | | |
| Act 302 training | | - | | 23,591 | | 23,591 | | |
| Parks and recreation | | - | | 21,930 | | 21,930 | | |
| Building department | | - | | 198,611 | | 198,611 | | |
| Drug law enforcement | | - | | 77 | | 77 | | |
| Housing services | | - | | 16,670 | | 16,670 | | |
| Dog park | | - | | 55 | | 55 | | |
| Debt service | | - | | 16,956 | | 16,956 | | |
| Cemetery perpetual care | | - | | 73,853 | | 73,853 | | |
| Friends of the island | | - | | 31,555 | | 31,555 | | |
| Committed | | | | | | | | |
| Capital projects | | - | | 1,228 | | 1,228 | | |
| Unassigned | | 1,143,897 | | _ | | 1,143,897 | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | \$ | 1,159,915 | \$ | 2,284,084 | \$ | 3,443,999 | | |

NOTE 15 - Restatements

Beginning net position and beginning fund balance have been restated to correct certain activities of the City as noted below:

| | Government Activities | siness-type Activities | Component Unit | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Beginning net position as of June 30, 2021 | \$ 3,527,700 | \$ 12,009,120 | \$ 2,054,430 | | | | | |
| Understated cash Overstated cash Understated due from other governmental units Understated capital assets - construction in progress Understated capital assets - vehicles Understated accrued liabilities Understated long-term debt | (74,068) 572,077 1,060,112 365,976 (78,961) (366,708) | (109,527) 381,384 744,076 - - | 228,207 - - - - - - - | | | | | |
| Restated net position as of June 30, 2021 | \$ 5,006,128 | \$ 13,025,053 | \$ 2,282,637 | | | | | |
| | General Fund | Major Streets | Local Streets | Parks and Recreation | Utility Fund | Emp | Public loyee Benefit | OFA Island ustrial Park |
| Beginning fund balance as of June 30, 2021 | \$ 1,173,971 | \$ 703,657 | \$ 599,654 | \$ (13,793) | \$ 12,009,120 | \$ | 406,910 | \$ 1,442,909 |
| Understated cash Overstated cash Understated due from other governmental units Understated capital assets - construction in progress Understated accrued liabilities | (79,892) 572,077 - (78,961) | 65,001 - - - | (65,001) - - - | 124 - - - - | (109,527) 381,384 744,076 | | 5,700 - - - - - | 228,207 - - - - |
| Restated fund balance as of June 30, 2021 | \$ 1,587,195 | \$ 768,658 | \$ 534,653 | \$ (13,669) | \$ 13,025,053 | \$ | 412,610 | \$ 1,671,116 |

NOTE 16 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leased that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

There was no material impact on the City's financial statement after the adoption of GASB Statement 87.

NOTE 17 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The City is current evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior period, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used by not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Budgeted | Amounts | | Variances with Final Budget |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Original | Einal | Actual | Positive |
| REVENUES Taxes Property taxes | Original \$ 1,025,971 | Final \$ 1,025,971 | Actual \$ 948,328 | (Negative) \$ (77,643) |
| Penalties and interest Administration fees Trailer fee | 4,000 55,000 800 | 4,000 55,000 800 | 3,562 69,748 752 | (438) 14,748 (48) |
| Total taxes | 1,085,771 | 1,085,771 | 1,022,390 | (63,381) |
| Licenses and permits Licenses Franchise fees Zoning board of appeals | 750 836,988 300 | 750 836,988 300 | 260 849,729 | (490) 12,741 (300) |
| Total licenses and permits | 838,038 | 838,038 | 849,989 | 11,951 |
| Intergovernmental Federal State aid and sales tax Local | 775,000 | 955,000 304,390 | 674,770 794,619 154,195 | 674,770 (160,381) (150,195) |
| Total intergovernmental | 775,000 | 1,259,390 | 1,623,584 | 364,194 |
| Charges for services Grave openings | 20,000 | 20,000 | 35,718 | 15,718 |
| Fines and forfeits | 13,300 | 13,300 | 11,702 | (1,598) |
| Interest and rents Interest Rentals | 10,000 55,650 | 10,000 55,650 | 13,643 9,587 | 3,643 (46,063) |
| Total interest and rents | 65,650 | 65,650 | 23,230 | (42,420) |
| Other Donations Reimbursements | - | 5,000 | 16,750 12,188 | 11,750 12,188 |
| Miscellaneous | 48,700 | 72,700 | 76,532 | 3,832 |
| Total other | 48,700 | 77,700 | 105,470 | 27,770 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 2,846,459 | 3,359,849 | 3,672,083 | 312,234 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | | Budgeted | l Amo | unts | | Fin | Variances with Final Budget Positive | | |
|--|-----|----------|-------|-----------|---------------|-----|--|--|--|
| | 0ri | ginal | | Final | Actual | | egative) | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | | | | |
| City council | \$ | 33,175 | \$ | 33,175 | \$ 33,972 | \$ | (797) | | |
| City manager | | 28,500 | | 70,500 | 54,494 | | 16,006 | | |
| General election | | 15,250 | | 15,250 | 8,971 | | 6,279 | | |
| Assessor | | 67,500 | | 67,500 | 62,594 | | 4,906 | | |
| Treasurer | | 47,000 | | 47,000 | 44,299 | | 2,701 | | |
| City clerk | | 48,950 | | 48,950 | 52,707 | | (3,757) | | |
| Board of Review | | 500 | | 500 | 470 | | 30 | | |
| Building and grounds | | 25,000 | | 25,000 | 21,589 | | 3,411 | | |
| Senior citizens | | - | | - | 40 | | (40) | | |
| Other | | 126,300 | | 1,306,300 | 1,084,146 | | 222,154 | | |
| Total general government | | 392,175 | | 1,614,175 | 1,363,282 | | 250,893 | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | 1.1 | 142,232 | | 1,142,233 | 1,161,962 | | (19,729) | | |
| Fire | | 205,800 | | 205,800 | 218,419 | | (12,619) | | |
| Building department | | 22,150 | | 22,150 | 15,651 | | 6,499 | | |
| Total public safety | 1,3 | 370,182 | | 1,370,183 | 1,396,032 | | (25,849) | | |
| Public works | | | | | | | | | |
| Public works | į | 596,350 | | 756,350 | 547,294 | | 209,056 | | |
| Cemetery | | 166,950 | | 166,950 | 150,500 | | 16,450 | | |
| Total public works | | 763,300 | | 923,300 | 697,794 | | 225,506 | | |
| Health and welfare | | | | | | | | | |
| Ambulance | | 14,000 | | 14,000 | 13,938 | | 62 | | |
| Community and economic development | | | | | | | | | |
| Planning and zoning | | 7,600 | | 167,600 | 83,521 | | 84,079 | | |
| Community development | | | | 20,000 | 20,000 | | - | | |
| Total community and economic development | | 7,600 | | 187,600 | 103,521 | | 84,079 | | |
| Recreation and culture | | | | | | | | | |
| Library | | 14,000 | | 14,000 | 25,401 | | (11,401) | | |
| Other | | - | | 33,000 | 36,145 | | (3,145) | | |
| Total recreation and culture | | 14,000 | | 47,000 | 61,546 | | (14,546) | | |
| Capital outlay | | 159,550 | | 159,550 | - | | 159,550 | | |
| | | | | | 0.606.110 | | | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 2, | 720,807 | | 4,315,808 | 3,636,113 | | 679,695 | | |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | | 125,652 | | (955,959) | 35,970 | | 991,929 | | |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Budgeted | | Fir | iances with nal Budget | | | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| OTHER EINANGING COURGES (HSES) | Original | | Actual | | Positive (Negative) | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out | \$ 10,000 (583,250) | \$ 569,031 (708,250) | \$ | 10,000 (473,250) | \$ | (559,031) 235,000 | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (573,250) | (139,219) | | (463,250) | | (324,031) | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (447,598) | (1,095,178) | | (427,280) | | 667,898 | |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | 1,587,195 | 1,587,195 | | 1,587,195 | | <u>-</u> | |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ 1,139,597 | \$ 492,017 | \$ | 1,159,915 | \$ | 667,898 | |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST EIGHT MEASUREMENT DATES (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF DECEMBER 31 OF EACH YEAR)

| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total pension liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments including employee refunds Other | \$ 183,651 996,054 - - (761,548) (1) | \$ 204,313 996,015 456,514 672,241 (864,911) 31,125 | \$ 204,593 1,113,118 (120,921) - (928,190) 4 | \$ 195,392 1,133,114 (163,693) - (956,317) | \$ 189,258 1,148,388 (48,907) - (985,309) | \$ 184,609 1,169,163 516,313 543,372 (1,068,156) | \$ 177,390 1,212,063 (668,869) 394,458 (1,084,204) | \$ 150,815 1,212,856 (349,534) 585,187 (1,098,459) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 418,156 | 1,495,297 | 268,604 | 208,496 | 303,430 | 1,345,301 | 30,839 | 500,865 |
| Total pension liability, beginning | 12,362,324 | 12,780,480 | 14,275,777 | 14,544,381 | 14,752,877 | 15,056,307 | 16,401,608 | 16,432,447 |
| Total pension liability, ending | \$ 12,780,480 | \$ 14,275,777 | \$ 14,544,381 | \$ 14,752,877 | \$ 15,056,307 | \$ 16,401,608 | \$ 16,432,447 | \$ 16,933,312 |
| Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments including employee refunds Administrative expense | \$ 386,982 79,309 529,900 (761,548) (19,419) | \$ 400,477 78,082 (127,375) (864,911) (18,667) | \$ 380,873 74,369 904,943 (928,190) (17,889) | \$ 460,910 76,225 1,111,084 (956,317) (17,622) | \$ 482,265 75,471 (347,836) (985,309) (17,600) | \$ 529,993 74,525 1,121,146 (1,068,156) (19,292) | \$ 552,579 80,438 1,224,192 (1,084,204) (17,881) | \$ 643,250 75,909 1,298,308 (1,098,459) (15,414) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 215,224 | (532,394) | 414,106 | 674,280 | (793,009) | 638,216 | 755,124 | 903,594 |
| Plan fiduciary net position, beginning | 8,441,191 | 8,656,415 | 8,124,021 | 8,538,127 | 9,212,407 | 8,419,398 | 9,057,614 | 9,812,738 |
| Plan fiduciary net position, ending | \$ 8,656,415 | \$ 8,124,021 | \$ 8,538,127 | \$ 9,212,407 | \$ 8,419,398 | \$ 9,057,614 | \$ 9,812,738 | \$ 10,716,332 |
| City's net pension liability | \$ 4,124,065 | \$ 6,151,756 | \$ 6,006,254 | \$ 5,540,470 | \$ 6,636,909 | \$ 7,343,994 | \$ 6,619,709 | \$ 6,216,980 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 68% | 57% | 59% | 62% | 56% | 55% | 60% | 63% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 1,750,141 | \$ 2,030,058 | \$ 1,970,006 | \$ 1,860,156 | \$ 1,919,070 | \$ 1,904,311 | \$ 1,864,854 | \$ 1,584,982 |
| City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 236% | 303% | 305% | 298% | 346% | 386% | 355% | 392% |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED)

(AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF JUNE 30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Actuarially determined contributions | \$ 393,271 | \$ 390,978 | \$ 424,370 | \$ 392,798 | \$ 481,741 | \$ 451,558 | \$ 527,923 | \$ 707,807 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | 393,271 | 390,978 | 424,370 | 392,798 | 481,741 | 451,558 | 527,923 | 707,807 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ _ | \$ |
| Covered payroll | \$ 1,961,806 | \$ 1,999,071 | \$ 2,059,368 | \$ 1,572,338 | \$ 1,880,053 | \$ 1,870,190 | \$ 1,919,054 | \$ 1,678,777 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 20% | 20% | 21% | 25% | 26% | 24% | 28% | 42% |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF JUNE 30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience Change in benefit terms Changes of assumptions Benefit payments | \$ 342,989 288,279 - - - (310,031) | \$ 353,279 302,250 28,012 - - (351,649) | \$ 364,251 312,942 1,377,195 (7,931,229) (326,210) (324,644) | \$ 127,993 152,862 27,243 - 648,483 (310,380) | \$ 181,255 97,481 (1,243,928) (540,474) (906,046) (155,947) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 321,237 | 331,892 | (6,527,695) | 646,201 | (2,567,659) |
| Total OPEB liability, beginning | 9,576,328 | 9,897,565 | 10,229,457 | 3,701,762 | 4,347,963 |
| Total OPEB liability, ending | \$ 9,897,565 | \$ 10,229,457 | \$ 3,701,762 | \$ 4,347,963 | \$ 1,780,304 |
| Plan fiduciary net position Contributions to OPEB trust Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense | \$ 310,031 - (310,031) | \$ 140,000 351,649 2,328 (351,649) (12) | \$ 140,000 324,644 470 (324,644) | \$ 310,380 66,350 (310,380) (578) | \$ 155,947 (28,683) (155,947) (625) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | - | 142,316 | 140,470 | 65,772 | (29,308) |
| Plan fiduciary net position, beginning | | <u>-</u> | 142,316 | 282,786 | 348,558 |
| Plan fiduciary net position, ending | \$ - | \$ 142,316 | \$ 282,786 | \$ 348,558 | \$ 319,250 |
| City's net OPEB liability | \$ 9,897,565 | \$ 10,087,141 | \$ 3,418,976 | \$ 3,999,405 | \$ 1,461,054 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 0% | 1% | 8% | 8% | 18% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 2,171,316 | \$ 2,826,837 | \$ 1,475,429 | \$ 1,639,787 | \$ 1,141,514 |
| City's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 456% | 357% | 232% | 244% | 128% |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED)

(AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF JUNE 30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

| | 2018 | 2019 | | | 2020 | • | 2021 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|-----------------|
| Annually determined contributions | \$ 996,959 | \$ | 1,115,623 | \$ | 1,178,224 | \$ | 377,342 | \$ 397,608 |
| Contributions in relation to the annually determined contribution | 310,031 | | 491,649 | | 464,644 | | 310,380 | 155,947 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ 686,928 | \$ | 623,974 | \$ | 713,580 | \$ | 66,962 | \$ 241,661 |
| Covered payroll | \$ 2,171,316 | \$ | 2,826,837 | \$ | 1,475,429 | \$ | 1,639,787 | \$ 1,141,514 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 14% | | 17% | | 31% | | 19% | 14% |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (ULTIMATELY TEN YEARS WILL BE DISPLAYED) (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF JUNE 30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| Annual money-weighted rate of return, | | | | | |
| net of investment expenses | - | 3.3% | 0.2% | 20.8% | -8.8% |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, Sections 18 and 19, as amended, provides that a local government unit not incur expenditures in excess of amounts appropriated.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City incurred expenditures in the General Fund in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

| | A | mounts | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|----------|----|-----------|----------|--------|
| | Appropriated | | | xpended | Variance | |
| General Fund | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| City council | \$ | 33,175 | \$ | 33,972 | \$ | 797 |
| City clerk | | 48,950 | | 52,707 | | 3,757 |
| Senior citizens | | - | | 40 | | 40 |
| Public safety | | | | | | |
| Police | 1 | ,142,233 | - | 1,161,962 | | 19,729 |
| Fire | | 205,800 | | 218,419 | | 12,619 |
| Recreation and culture | | | | | | |
| Library | | 14,000 | | 25,401 | | 11,401 |
| Other | | 33,000 | | 36,145 | | 3,145 |

NOTE 2 - PENSION PLAN

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date December 31, 2021 Measurement date December 31, 2021

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of pay
Asset valuation method 5 year smoothing

Remaining amortization period 17 years Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit and longevity; 3.00% in the long term

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment and administrative expense, including

inflation

Mortality Pub-2010 and fully generational MP-2019

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

Changes of benefits terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year 2022.

Changes of assumptions: Change in investment rate of return from 7.35% to 7.00%

Change in discount rate from 7.60% to 7.25%

NOTE 3 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date June 30, 2022 Measurement date June 30, 2022

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of pay

Asset valuation method Market value
Remaining amortization period 17 years
Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.00% (including inflation)

Utilization 100% of future retirees will elect coverage at retirement; actual

coverage used for non-active

20-year Aa Municipal bond rate 4.09% (S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index)

Health care trend rate(s) Pre-Medicare: 7.25% graded down to 4.50% by 0.25% per year

Post-Medicare: None

Mortality 2010 Public General Employee and Healthy Retiree, Headcount

weighted with MP-2021 improvement scale

Changes of benefits terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year 2022.

Changes of assumptions: Salary scale updated from 3.75% to 3.00%

Change in discount rate from 2.19% to 7.00%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

| | Special | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|----|---------------------------|----|---------------------|--|
| | | Major Streets | | Local Streets | | Eaton County Road Fund | | Act 302 Training | |
| ASSETS Cash and investments | \$ | 999,631 | \$ | 605,809 | \$ | 223,050 | \$ | 23,591 | |
| Due from other governmental units Due from other funds Prepaids | Φ | 80,569 - - | | 27,920 - - | Ψ | - | φ | - - - | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 1,080,200 | \$ | 633,729 | \$ | 223,050 | \$ | 23,591 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 31,841 | \$ | 1,664 | \$ | - | \$ | _ | |
| Accrued wages payable | | 506 | | 669 | | - | | - | |
| Accrued liabilities | | 335 | | 412 | | - | | - | |
| Due to other funds | | 4,394 | | 2,037 | | - | | - | |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Advance from other funds | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 37,076 | | 4,782 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Restricted | | 1,043,124 | | 628,947 | | 223,050 | | 23,591 | |
| Committed | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | _ | 1,043,124 | | 628,947 | | 223,050 | | 23,591 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND | ф | 1 000 200 | ф | (22.720 | φ | 222.050 | ¢ | 22 504 | |
| FUND BALANCES | \$ | 1,080,200 | \$ | 633,729 | \$ | 223,050 | \$ | 23,591 | |

| Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | Debt Service | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|------|--------------------|----------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Parks and Recreation | | Building Department | | Drug Law Enforcement | | MSHDA CDBG | | ARPA | | Dog Park | | Building Authority Debt | |
| \$ | 183,518 | \$ | 222,757 | \$ | 77 | \$ | 16,670 | \$ | 533,694 | \$ | 55 | \$ | 16,960 |
| | 10,440 2,053 | | - 2,384 | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - |
| \$ | 196,011 | \$ | 225,141 | \$ | 77 | \$ | 16,670 | \$ | 533,694 | \$ | 55 | \$ | 16,960 |
| \$ | 2,732 3,278 1,834 24,184 - 140,000 | \$ | 1,898 2,451 921 18,876 - - 24,146 | \$ | - - - - - - | \$ | - - - - - - | \$ | 533,694 533,694 | \$ | - - - - - - | \$ | - - 4 - - - |
| | 2,053 21,930 - | | 2,384 198,611 - | | - 77 - | | 16,670 - | | - - - | | - 55 - | | - 16,956 - |
| | 23,983 | | 200,995 | | 77 | | 16,670 | | | | 55 | | 16,956 |
| \$ | 196,011 | \$ | 225,141 | \$ | 77 | \$ | 16,670 | \$ | 533,694 | \$ | 55 | \$ | 16,960 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (continued) JUNE 30, 2022

| | Capi | tal Project | | Permane | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----|-------------------------------|----|------------------------|--------------|
| | Capital Project | | | Cemetery Perpetual Care | | riends of ne Island | Total |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 1,228 | \$ | 73,853 | \$ | 31,555 | \$ 2,932,448 |
| Due from other governmental units | | - | | - | | - | 108,489 |
| Due from other funds | | - | | - | | - | 10,440 |
| Prepaids | | | | | | | 4,437 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 1,228 | \$ | 73,853 | \$ | 31,555 | \$ 3,055,814 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ 38,135 |
| Accrued wages payable | 4 | - | * | _ | * | _ | 6,904 |
| Accrued liabilities | | - | | - | | - | 3,506 |
| Due to other funds | | - | | - | | - | 49,491 |
| Deferred revenue | | - | | - | | - | 533,694 |
| Advance from other funds | | | | | | | 140,000 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | <u> </u> | | | | | 771,730 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | - | 4,437 |
| Restricted | | - | | 73,853 | | 31,555 | 2,278,419 |
| Committed | | 1,228 | | | | | 1,228 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 1,228 | | 73,853 | | 31,555 | 2,284,084 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 1,228 | \$ | 73,853 | \$ | 31,555 | \$ 3,055,814 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Special | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Major Streets | Local Streets | Eaton County Road Fund | Act 302 Training | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES Property taxes Licenses and permits | \$ - | \$ - - | \$ 165,057 | \$ - | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Federal State | - 566,149 | - 180,961 | - | - | | | | | | | |
| Local Charges for services Interest | - - 256 | - - 212 | - - 88 | - - 9 | | | | | | | |
| Other | | | - | 996 | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 566,405 | 181,173 | 165,145 | 1,005 | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES Current | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government Public safety Public works | - - 267,281 | - - 86,879 | - | 1,026 | | | | | | | |
| Recreation and culture Debt service | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement Interest and other charges | 20,000 4,658 | | 160,000 17,475 | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 291,939 | 86,879 | 177,475 | 1,026 | | | | | | | |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | 274,466 | 94,294 | (12,330) | (21) | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 274,466 | 94,294 | (12,330) | (21) | | | | | | | |
| Restated fund balances, beginning of year | 768,658 | 534,653 | 235,380 | 23,612 | | | | | | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ 1,043,124 | \$ 628,947 | \$ 223,050 | \$ 23,591 | | | | | | | |

| Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | Debt Service | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|------|--------------|----------|----------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Parks and Recreation | | Building Department | | Drug Law Enforcement | | MSHDA CDBG | | ARPA | | Dog Park | | Building Authority Debt | |
| \$ | 92,803 - | \$ | - ,667 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 17,497 | | - | | - |
| | 18,302 2,500 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 55,873 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 50 | | 9 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 7,690 | | 725 | | - | - | | | | - | | | |
| | 177,218 | 89 | ,401 | | | | | | 17,497 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 17,497 | | - | | - |
| | - | 178 | ,664 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 289,566 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | 265,000 |
| | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | 11,395 |
| | 289,566 | 178 | ,664 | | | | | | 17,497 | | | | 276,395 |
| | (112,348) | (89 | ,263) | | | | | | | | | | (276,395) |
| | 150,000 | 250 | 000 | | | | | | | | | | 276 205 |
| | 150,000 | | ,000 | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | 276,395 |
| | 150,000 | 250 | ,000 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 276,395 |
| | 37,652 | | ,737 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (13,669) | 40 | ,258 | | 77 | | 16,670 | | | | 55 | | 16,956 |
| \$ | 23,983 | \$ 200 | ,995 | \$ | 77 | \$ | 16,670 | \$ | _ | \$ | 55 | \$ | 16,956 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Capit | tal Project | Permanent Funds | | | | | |
|--|-------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----|----------------------|----|-----------|
| | | Capital Project | Per | metery rpetual Care | | iends of e Island | | Total |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | _ |
| Property taxes | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 257,860 |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - | | - | | 88,667 |
| Intergovernmental | | | | | | | | |
| Federal | | - | | - | | - | | 17,497 |
| State | | - | | - | | - | | 765,412 |
| Local | | - | | - | | - | | 2,500 |
| Charges for services | | _ | | 6,250 | | - | | 62,123 |
| Interest | | - | | 29 | | _ | | 653 |
| Other | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 9,411 |
| 2 11-2 | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | | 6,279 | | | | 1,204,123 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 17,497 |
| Public safety | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 179,690 |
| Public works | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 354,160 |
| Recreation and culture | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 289,566 |
| Debt service | | | | | | | | 207,300 |
| Principal retirement | | | | | | | | 445,000 |
| Interest and other charges | | - | | - | | - | | |
| interest and other charges | | | | | | | | 33,528 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | 1,319,441 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | | <u>-</u> | | 6,279 | | <u>-</u> | | (115,318) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 676,395 |
| Transfers out | | _ | | (10,000) | | _ | | (10,000) |
| Transfers out | | | | (10,000) | | | | (10,000) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | | | | | | | | |
| SOURCES (USES) | | - | | (10,000) | | _ | | 666,395 |
| , | _ | | | , , | | 1 | | , |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | - | | (3,721) | | - | | 551,077 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 1,228 | | 77,574 | | 31,555 | | 1,733,007 |
| | | | Φ. | | Φ. | | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 1,228 | \$ | 73,853 | \$ | 31,555 | \$ | 2,284,084 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS UTILITY FUND REVENUES AND EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Electric Department | Water Department | Sewage Department | Total |
|---|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 10,468,779 | \$ 845,096 | \$ 1,035,801 | \$ 12,349,676 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 32,240 | - | - | 32,240 |
| Other revenue | 11,636 | 300 | 28,166 | 40,102 |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 10,512,655 | 845,396 | 1,063,967 | 12,422,018 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | 9,539,639 | 863,483 | 972,767 | 11,375,889 |
| DEPRECIATION | 226,563 | 276,866 | 531,296 | 1,034,725 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 9,766,202 | 1,140,349 | 1,504,063 | 12,410,614 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 746,453 | (294,953) | (440,096) | 11,404 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | |
| Property taxes | - | - | 586,724 | 586,724 |
| Local community stabilization | - | - | 241,312 | 241,312 |
| Intergovernmental - federal grant | 449,847 | - | - | 449,847 |
| Interest income | 3,669 | - | - | 3,669 |
| Interest expense | | (718) | (62,811) | (63,529) |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING | | | | |
| REVENUES (EXPENSES) | 453,516 | (718) | 765,225 | 1,218,023 |
| | | | | |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS | 1,199,969 | (295,671) | 325,129 | 1,229,427 |
| OPERATING TRANSPERS | 1,199,909 | (295,071) | 323,129 | 1,229,427 |
| OPERATING TRANSFERS | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 12,000 | - | 12,000 |
| Transfers out | (276,395) | (124,000) | | (400,395) |
| TOTAL TRANSFERS | (276,395) | (112,000) | | (388,395) |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | \$ 923,574 | \$ (407,671) | \$ 325,129 | \$ 841,032 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS UTILITY FUND EXPENSE BREAKDOWN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Electric Department | | De | Water Department | | Sewage Department | | Total |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----|--|----|----------------------|----|------------|
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | <u>. </u> | | | | |
| Personal services | \$ | 709,278 | \$ | 224,665 | \$ | 339,237 | \$ | 1,273,180 |
| Contractual services | | 139,269 | | 84,879 | | 289,156 | | 513,304 |
| Supplies | | 20,400 | | 10,284 | | 10,349 | | 41,033 |
| Materials | | 103,389 | | 70,406 | | 34,804 | | 208,599 |
| Utilities | | 2,937 | | 61,641 | | 167,875 | | 232,453 |
| Telephone | | 4,952 | | 4,783 | | 3,825 | | 13,560 |
| Insurance | | 29,387 | | 32,457 | | 42,964 | | 104,808 |
| Maintenance | | 7,567,952 | | 82,280 | | 64,869 | | 7,715,101 |
| Franchise fees | | 667,545 | | 63,832 | | 75,611 | | 806,988 |
| Benefit payments | | 274,148 | | 216,445 | | (97,559) | | 393,034 |
| Other expense | | 20,382 | | 11,811 | | 41,636 | | 73,829 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | \$ | 9,539,639 | \$ | 863,483 | \$ | 972,767 | \$ | 11,375,889 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

| | Е | Public mployee | М | otor Pool | |
|---|----|-------------------|-----|-----------|-----------------|
| | | Benefit | 1.1 | Fund | Total |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 298,849 | \$ | - | \$ 298,849 |
| Due from other funds | | 105,168 | | 473,332 | 578,500 |
| Total current assets | | 404,017 | | 473,332 | 877,349 |
| Noncurrent assets | | | | | |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | | | | 585,343 | 585,343 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 404,017 | | 1,058,675 | 1,462,692 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Due to other funds | | - | | 371,673 | 371,673 |
| Accrued interest payable | | - | | 1,357 | 1,357 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | | - | | 33,294 | 33,294 |
| Total current liabilities | | - | | 406,324 | 406,324 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | - | | 552,049 | 552,049 |
| Unrestricted | | 404,017 | | 100,302 | 504,319 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ | 404,017 | \$ | 652,351 | \$ 1,056,368 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Public Employee Benefit | | M | Motor Pool Fund | | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|----|--------------------|----|-------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES Contributions | | 8,218 | \$ | _ | \$ | 8,218 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES Other expense Depreciation | | 16,811 - | | 7,599 134,698 | | 24,410 134,698 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | | 16,811 | | 142,297 | | 159,108 |
| OPERATING (LOSS) | | (8,593) | | (142,297) | | (150,890) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue Interest expense | | - - | | 32 (17) | | 32 (17) |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES) | | | | 15 | | 15 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS | | (8,593) | | (142,282) | | (150,875) |
| OPERATING TRANSFERS Transfers in | | | | 185,250 | | 185,250 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | (8,593) | | 42,968 | | 34,375 |
| Restated net position, beginning of year | | 412,610 | | 609,383 | | 1,021,993 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 404,017 | \$ | 652,351 | \$ | 1,056,368 |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| | Public Employee Benefit | M | lotor Pool Fund | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from contributions Cash paid for employee benefits Cash paid to suppliers | \$ 8,218 (16,811) | \$ | - - (7,599) | \$ 8,218 (16,811) (7,599) |
| NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | (8,593) | | (7,599) | (16,192) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipt (payment) from interfund balances | (107,568) | | 83,591 | (23,977) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Purchases of capital asset Payment on capital lease Interest paid | - - - | | (84,530) (32,401) (243) | (84,530) (32,401) (243) |
| NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | - | | (117,174) | (117,174) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received | | | 32 | 32 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES | <u>-</u> | | 32 | 32 |
| NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS | (116,161) | | (41,150) | (157,311) |
| Restated cash and investments, beginning of year | 415,010 | | 41,150 | 456,160 |
| Cash and investments, end of year | \$ 298,849 | \$ | - | \$ 298,849 |
| Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities Depreciation | \$ (8,593) | \$ | (142,297) 134,698 | \$ (150,890) 134,698 |
| NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ (8,593) | \$ | (7,599) | \$ (16,192) |

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS COMPONENT UNIT FUND BALANCE SHEET - LDFA ISLAND INDUSTRIAL PARK JUNE 30, 2022

| ASSETS | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Cash and investments | \$ 1,635,947 |
| Prepaid expenses | 392 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 1,636,339 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 4,580 |
| Accrued payroll | 1,363 |
| Accrued liabilities | 954 |
| Due to other governmental units | 27,034 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 33,931 |
| FUND BALANCE | |
| Unassigned | 1,602,408 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE | \$ 1,636,339 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - LDFA ISLAND INDUSTRIAL PARK JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balance - governmental fund

1,602,408

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

| The cost of capital assets is | \$ 2,307,538 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Accumulated depreciation is | (688,520) |

Capital assets, net 1,619,018

Governmental funds report the difference between the carrying amount of the defeased debt and its reacquisition price when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the government-wide statement of net position. These amounts consist of:

Deferred charges on refunding

81,827

Governmental funds report actual pension/OPEB expenditures for the fiscal year, whereas the governmental activities will recognize the net pension/OPEB liability as of the measurement date. Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be deferred in the statement of net position. In addition, resources related to changes of assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and differences between projected and actual pension/OPEB plan investment earnings will be deferred over time in the government-wide financial statements. These amounts consist of:

| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | 22,721 |
|--|----------|
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (33,794) |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 20,535 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | (27,198) |

(17,736)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

| Accrued interest payable | (2,387) |
|--|-------------|
| Long-term debt | (1,295,000) |
| Net pension liability | (264,057) |
| Net other post-employment benefits liability | (20,309) |

(1,581,753)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,703,764

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - LDFA ISLAND INDUSTRIAL PARK YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Interest | \$ 96,381 167,133 560 |
|--|--------------------------------|
| TOTAL REVENUES | 264,074 |
| EXPENDITURES | |
| Current Community and economic development | 90,149 |
| Debt service | 70,147 |
| Principal | 210,000 |
| Interest | 32,633 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 332,782 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (68,708) |
| Restated fund balance, beginning of year | 1,671,116 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ 1,602,408 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - LDFA ISLAND INDUSTRIAL PARK YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund

\$ (68,708)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Depreciation expense (76,502)

Repayment of long-term debt debt is reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

| Amortization of deferred charges on refunding | \$ (13,637) |
|---|----------------|
| Debt principal retirement | 210,000 |

196,363

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not result in the use of current financial resources and therefore are reported differently than in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:

| Decrease in accrued interest payable | 332 |
|--|----------|
| (Increase) in net pension liability | (16,480) |
| (Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | (10,853) |
| (Increase) in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (2,705) |
| Decrease in total other post-employment benefits obligation | 46,081 |
| (Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | (7,563) |
| (Increase) in deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | (22,429) |

(13,617)

Change in net position of governmental activities

37,536

CITY OF EATON RAPIDS COMPONENT UNIT FUND BALANCE SHEET - TIFA I DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY JUNE 30, 2022

| ASSETS | | |
|------------------------------------|----|--------|
| Cash and investments | \$ | 74,490 |
| Accounts receivable | | 60 |
| Due from other governmental units | | 13,574 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 88,124 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 309 |
| Due to other governmental units | Ψ | 1,429 |
| Accrued wages | | 1,604 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 604 |
| | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 3,946 |
| FUND BALANCE | | |
| Unassigned | | 84,178 |
| | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE | \$ | 88,124 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - TIFA I DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balance - governmental fund

\$ 84,178

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is \$ 787,820 Accumulated depreciation is \$ (57,039)

Capital assets, net 730,781

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Accrued interest payable (1,341)
Long-term debt (325,000)

(326,341)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 488,618

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - TIFA I DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Interest Other | \$ 86,664 25,334 88 48,770 |
|--|--|
| TOTAL REVENUES | 160,856 |
| EXPENDITURES | |
| Current | |
| Community and economic development | 263,802 |
| Debt service | |
| Principal | 35,000 |
| Interest | 16,632 |
| | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 315,434 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (154,578) |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | 238,756 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ 84,178 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – TIFA I DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHROITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund

\$ (154,578)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Depreciation expense

(8,347)

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Debt principal retirement

35,000

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not result in the use of current financial resources and therefore are reported differently than in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Decrease in accrued interest payable

134

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (127,791)



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City Council City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

City Council City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan Page 2

Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the major the federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
 City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
 accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sigfried Crandoll P.C.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2022

| Federal Agency/Program Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Pass Thru Grantor's Number | Federal Expenditures |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants - Passed thru Michigan | | | |
| Michigan Economic Development Corporation | 14.228 | MSC 219030-CFP | \$ 1,124,617 |
| United States Department of Treasury - Passed thru Michigan Department of Treasury | | | |
| American Rescue Plan Act Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund | 21.027 | N/A | 17,497 |
| Total expenditures of federal awards | | | \$ 1,142,114 |

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2022

NOTE - 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Eaton Rapids (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE - 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the City's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3- INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has not elected to not use the 10 percent de minimus cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as items 2022-001 through 2022-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Item 2022-003.

City Council City of Eaton Rapids, Michigan Page 2

City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Siegfried Crandoll P.C.

February 21, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City of Eaton Rapids (the City) were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 2. Three deficiencies in internal control disclosed during the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and are reported as material weaknesses.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City, which would be required to be disclosed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, was disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No deficiencies in internal control over the major federal award program were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award program.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City of Eaton Rapids expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- 7. The program tested as a major program follows:

| Federal Agency | deral Agency Program Name Assistance Listin | | |
|---|---|--------|--|
| | | | |
| Department of Housing and Urban Development | Community Development Block Grants | 14.228 | |

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City of Eaton Rapids was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2022-001 MATERIAL AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS (material weakness)

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and monitoring internal controls, and for the fair presentation in the financial statements of financial position, results of operations, including the proper recording of journal entries to assure the trial balances from which the financial statements are prepared are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition: We identified and proposed material audit adjustments that management reviewed and approved. Material adjustments were recorded to correct receivables and capital assets. These errors were not detected by the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Cause: The City's internal controls over financial reporting failed to identify these errors.

Effect: The City's accounting records were initially misstated by amounts material to the financial statements. Necessary adjustments were brought to the attention of management and were subsequently recorded in the City's general ledger.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City improve its internal controls over financial reporting to ensure that material audit adjustments are not necessary.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (continued)

Management Response and Planned Corrective Action: The City agrees that material audit adjustments must be avoided so that its external financial statements are accurate. The City is evaluating potential alternatives to resolve this issue including further professional development and employee training.

2022-002 CASH ACCOUNT RECONCILIATIONS (material weakness)

Criteria: Cash account reconciliations, including recording of potential adjustments, must be performed monthly, and the resulting balances must be reconciled to the respective general ledger cash accounts in a timely manner to assist in the safeguarding of assets.

Condition: Policies and procedures, related to cash account reconciliations, do not effectively ensure that reconciling items are identified and resolved, and that necessary adjustments are recorded, so that accurate reconciliations are completed in a timely manner.

Cause: Policies and procedures have not been implemented to promptly identify and compare all bank activity and general ledger transactions and to make necessary corrections in a timely manner.

Effect: Cash account reconciliations were not completed in a timely manner. When cash reconciliations are not performed in a timely manner, errors and irregularities might not be recognized and resolved, and management's ability to make informed decisions is diminished.

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be established to promptly identify all differences between bank account activity and general ledger transactions to ensure that all reconciling items, and any accounting errors, are addressed and corrected in a timely manner.

Management Response and Planned Corrective Action: Procedures are being implemented to properly identify all reconciling items and to make any necessary corrections in a timely manner.

2022-003 DELINQUENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NO SINGLE AUDIT (material weakness and noncompliance)

Criteria: Michigan Public Act 2 of 1968 requires that the annual financial report shall be filed with the State of Michigan within six months after the end of the fiscal year of the local unit. Uniform Guidance requires single audit reporting within nine months after the end of the fiscal year of the local unit.

Condition: For the year ended June 30, 2021, the audited financial statements were approximately four months delinquent to the State of Michigan. In addition, a single audit was required, but not filed.

Cause: The City was unable to reconcile some of its accounts prior to the six-month deadline for submission of the annual financial report to the State of Michigan. Errors in accounting for a federal grant made it appear that a single audit was not required.

Effect: Financial information must be timely and accurate to be beneficial to the users of the financial statements. A single audit was not performed for the year ended June 30, 2021, though it was required.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City ensure that the appropriate audits are performed and filed on a timely basis.

Management Response and Planned Corrective Action: The City will have year-end financial information available for audit on a timely basis so the City's audited financial statements may be filed as required.

City of Eaton Rapids

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

C. SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Not applicable - no single audit was performed in the prior period